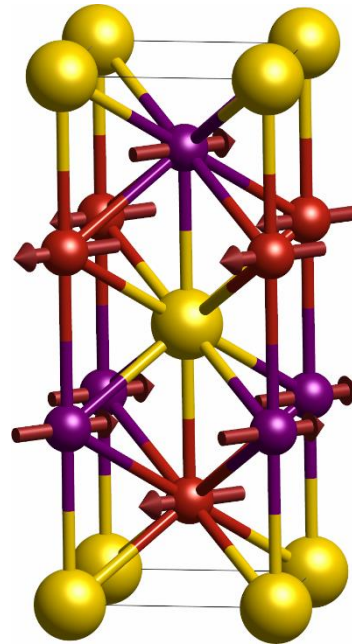
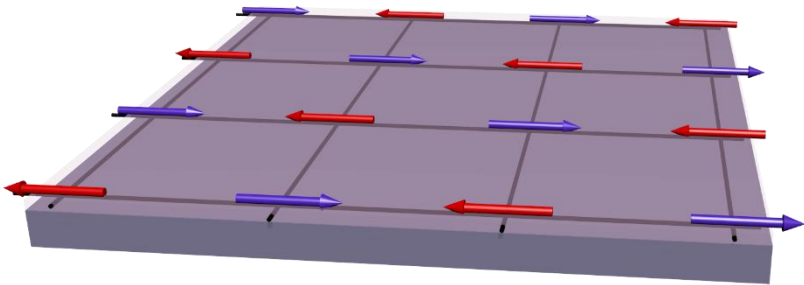


Method for manipulation of spin-axis in antiferromagnets by electrical current

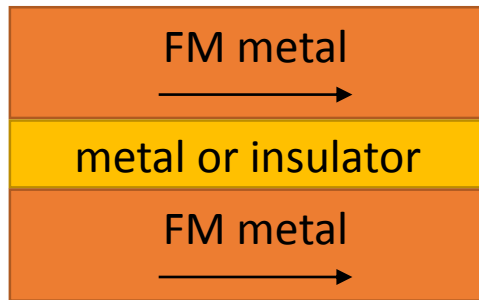
J. Zelezny, H. Gao, K. Vyborny, J. Zemen, J. Masek, A. Manchon,
J. Wunderlich, J. Sinova, T. Jungwirth



AFM spintronics

Ferromagnets

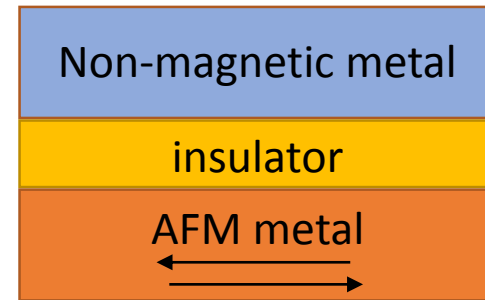
- ✓ Manipulation and detection possible by magnetic fields
- ✓ Magnetoresistance effects



- ✗ Sensitive to external magnetic fields
- ✗ Slow dynamics $\sim$ ns
- ✗ Not many FM semiconductors

Antiferromagnets

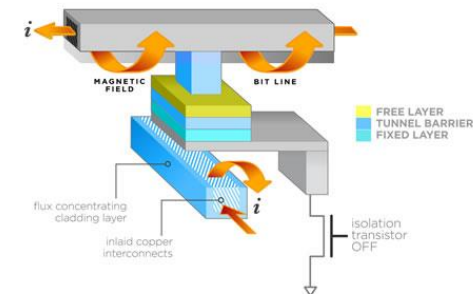
- ✗ Hard to detect and to manipulate
- ✓ TMR



- ✓ Not sensitive to external magnetic fields
- ✓ Fast dynamics $\sim$ ps
- ✓ AFM semiconductors are more common

How to manipulate FM

1. Magnetic field

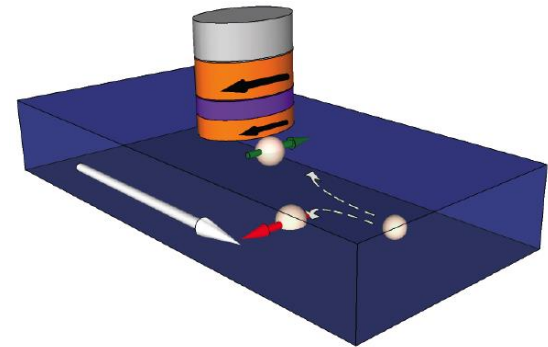


Toggle MRAM Everspin.com

2. Spin-transfer torque

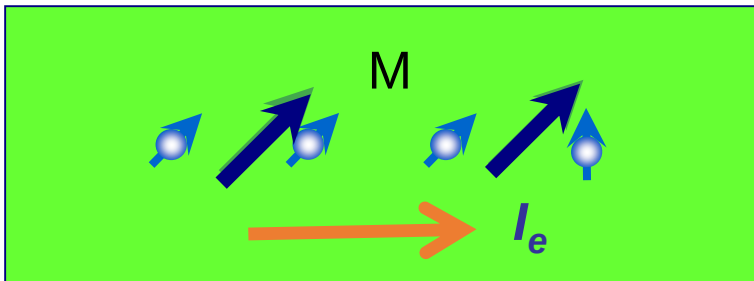


Spin Hall effect



Liu, Ralph, Buhrman, et al. 2012

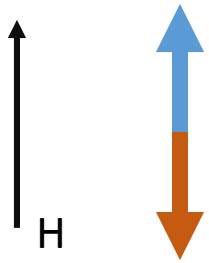
3. Spin-orbit torque



Due to spin-orbit coupling and broken inversion symmetry

How to manipulate AFM

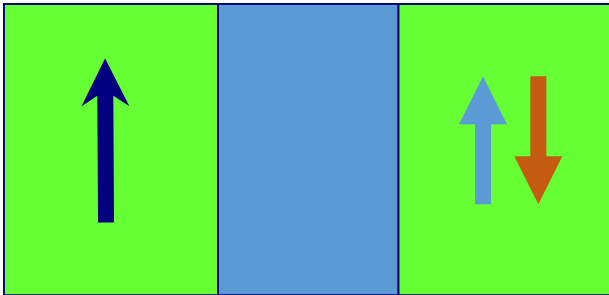
1. Magnetic field



$$H > \sqrt{2H_E H_A}$$

A Néel-order field is needed for effective switching

2. Spin-transfer torque



Antidamping STT

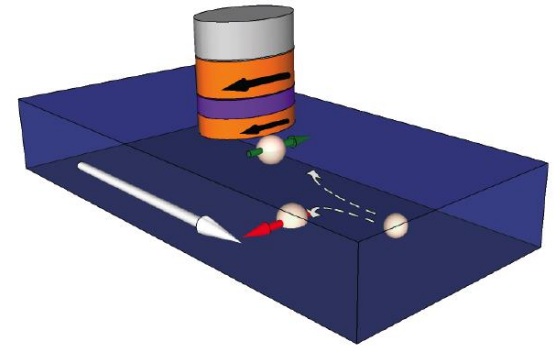
$$H_{eff} \sim M \times p_{curr}$$

Gomonay, Loktev, PRB 2010

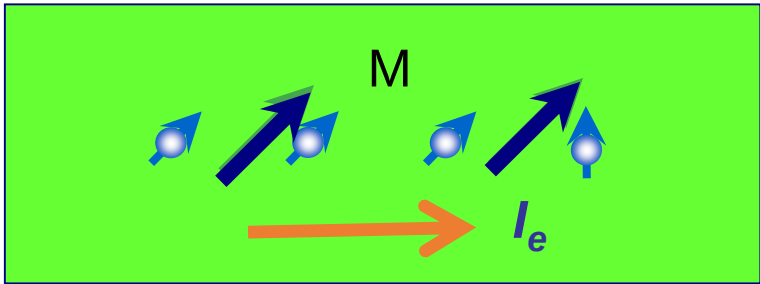
3. Spin-orbit torque



Spin Hall effect



How to calculate SOT



$$\mathbf{T} = \mathbf{M} \times \mathbf{B}_{eff}$$

$$\mathbf{B}_{eff} = J \frac{\delta \mathbf{s}}{\mathbf{M}}$$

$$\delta \mathbf{s}^A = \frac{1}{2\pi} \text{Re} \sum_{\mathbf{k}, n, m} \langle n | \mathbf{s}^A | m \rangle \langle m | \mathbf{k} | \mathbf{k} \rangle \cdot \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{k} (G_{\mathbf{k}, n}^R G_{\mathbf{k}, m}^A - G_{\mathbf{k}, m}^R G_{\mathbf{k}, n}^A)$$

Projection on a sublattice

$n = m$
 Intraband term

$n \neq m$
 Interband term

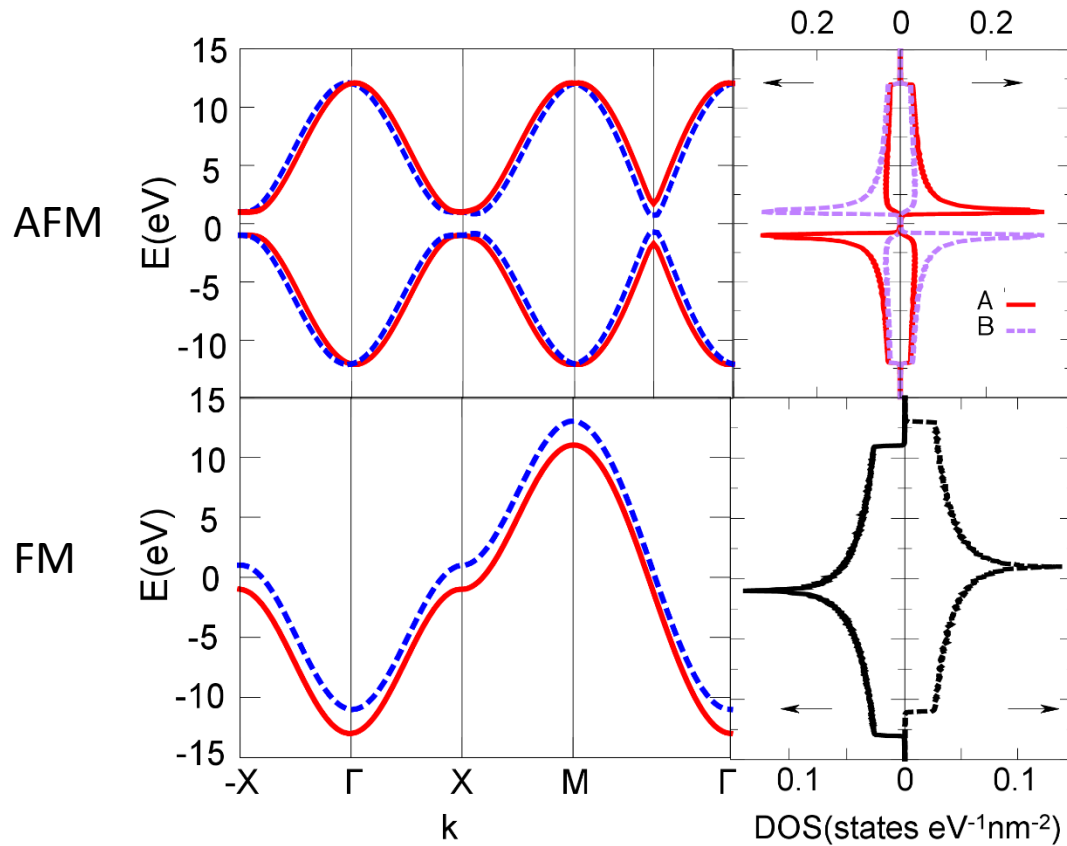
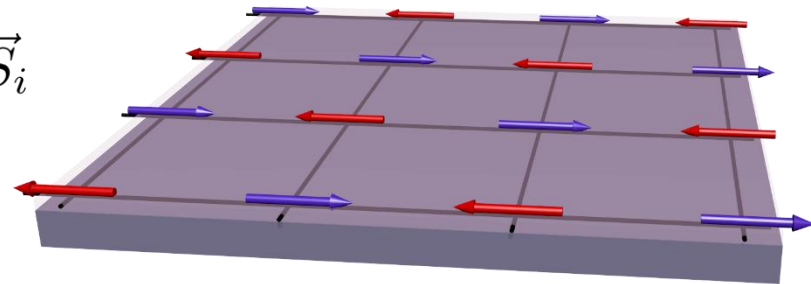
In 2D FM with Rashba SOC

Field-like: $B_{eff} \sim \alpha(z \times J)$

Antidamping-like: $B_{eff} \sim \alpha M \times (z \times J)$

2D AFM model

$$H = \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} J_{dd} \vec{S}_i \cdot \vec{S}_j + H^{tb} + H_R + \sum_i J_{sd} \vec{S} \cdot \vec{S}_i$$

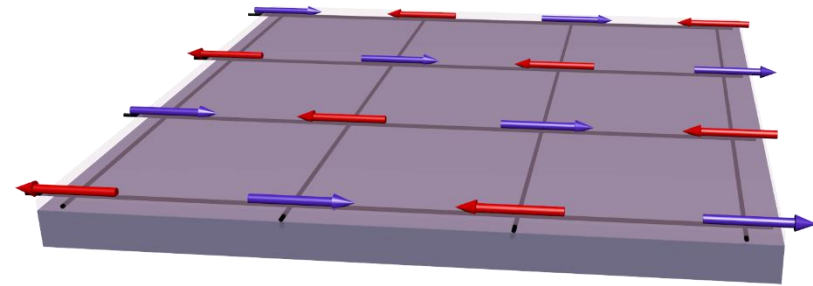


2D AFM model results

Intraband:

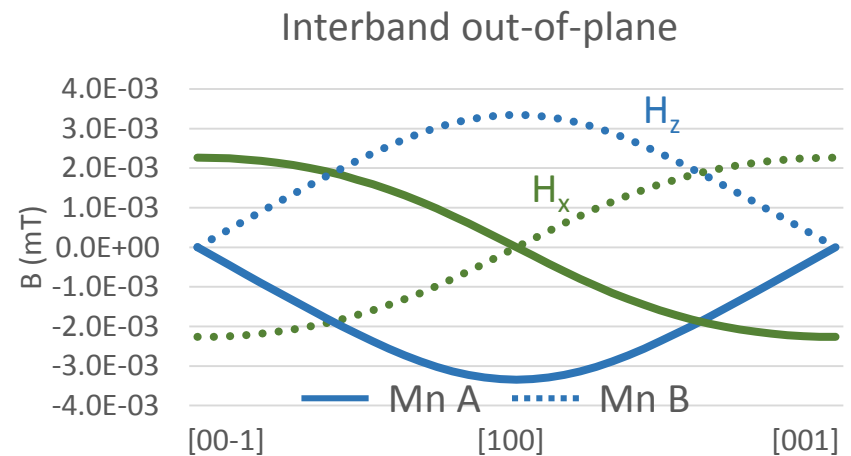
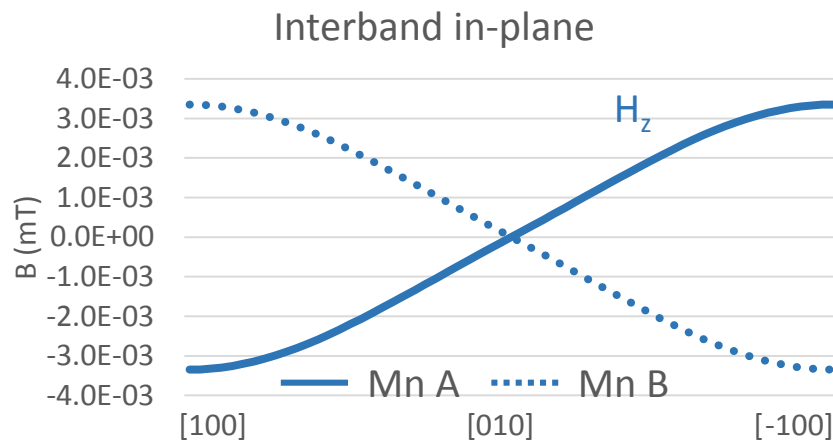
$$\text{Field-like: } B_{eff} \sim (z \times J)$$

Same on both sublattices



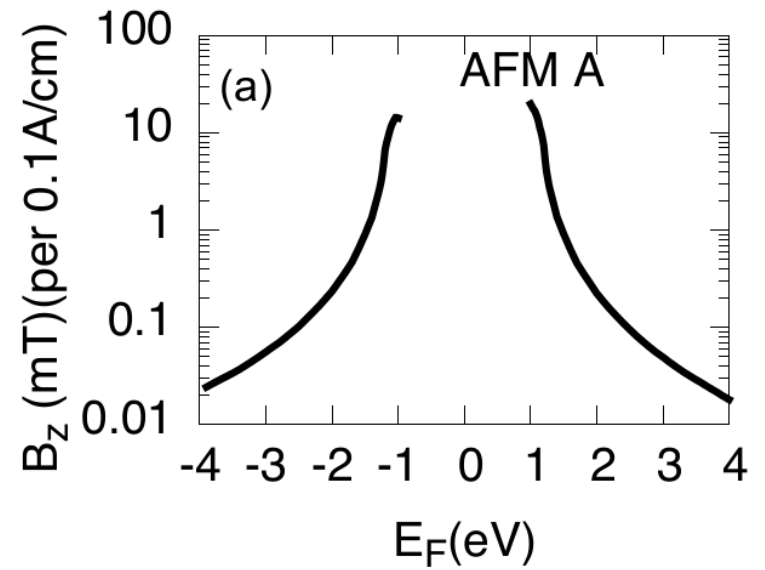
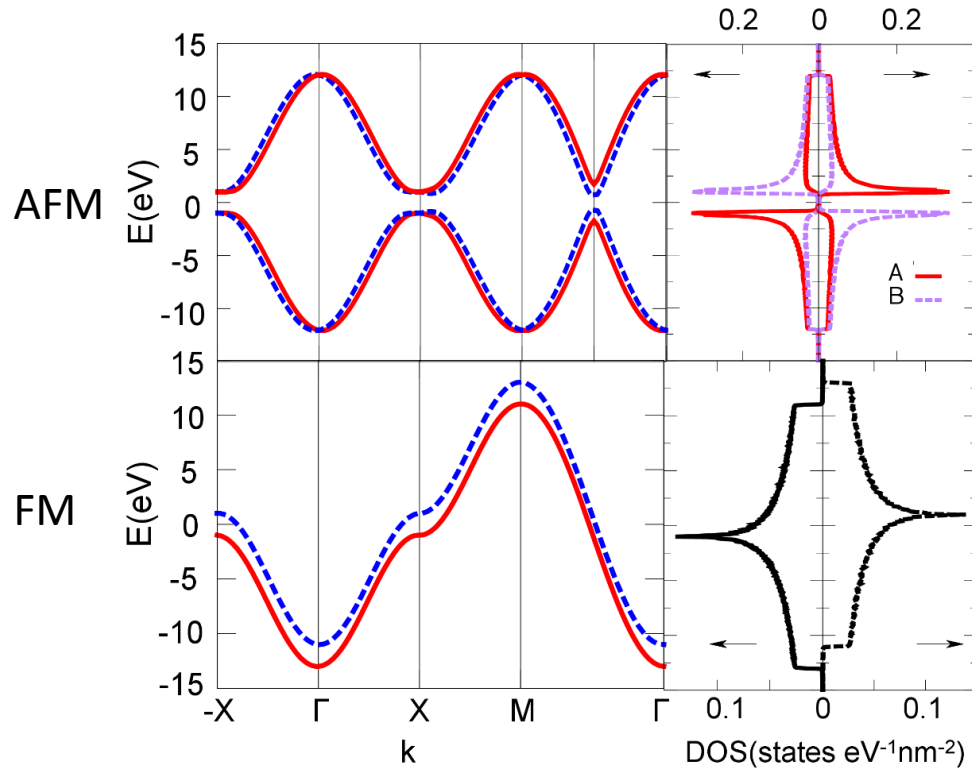
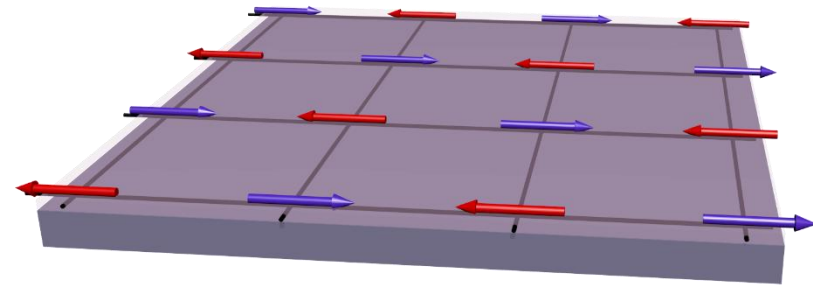
Interband:

$$\text{Antidamping-like: } B_{eff} \sim M \times (z \times J)$$



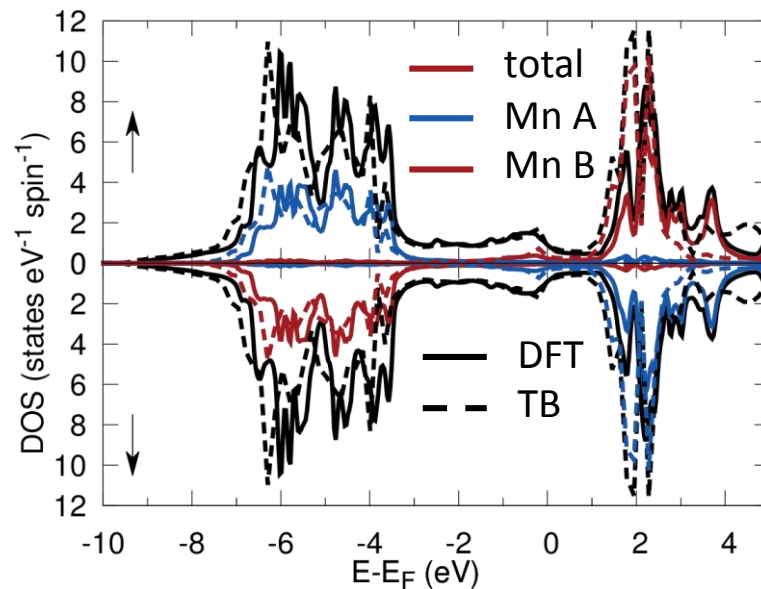
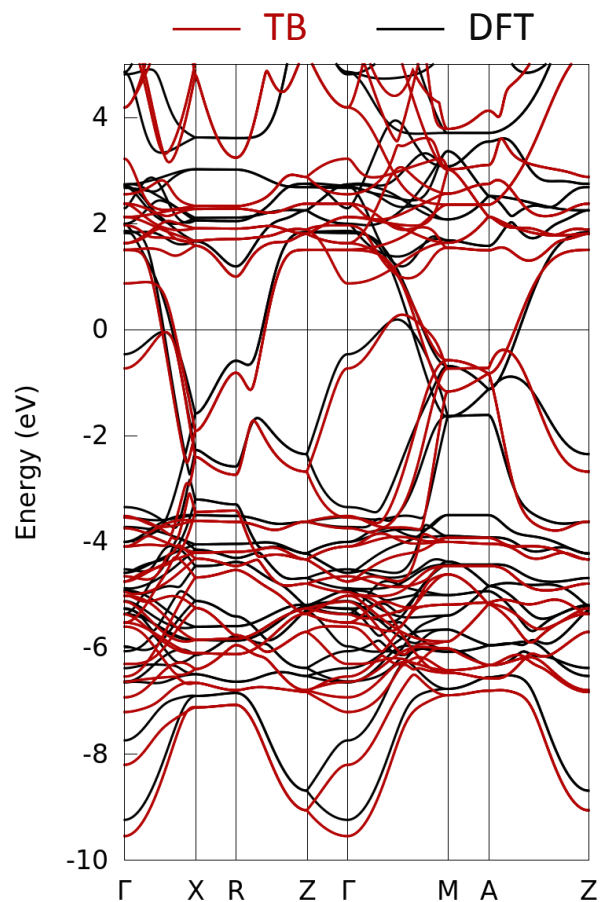
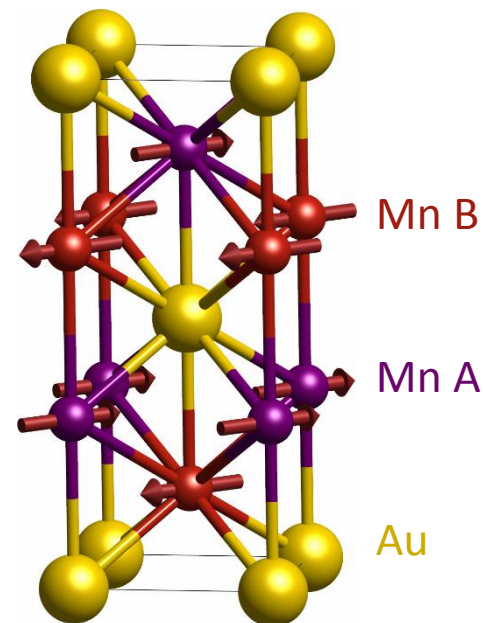
Opposite on A and B

2D AFM model results



Described by a multi-orbital tight-binding model

Zemen et al. JMMM '03

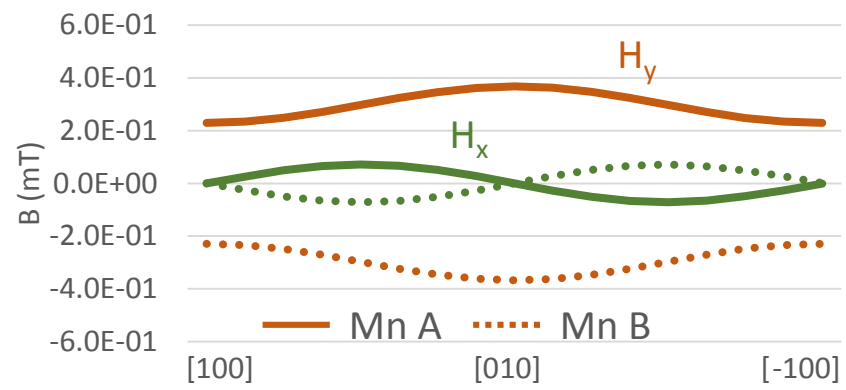


Comparison to DFT calculation

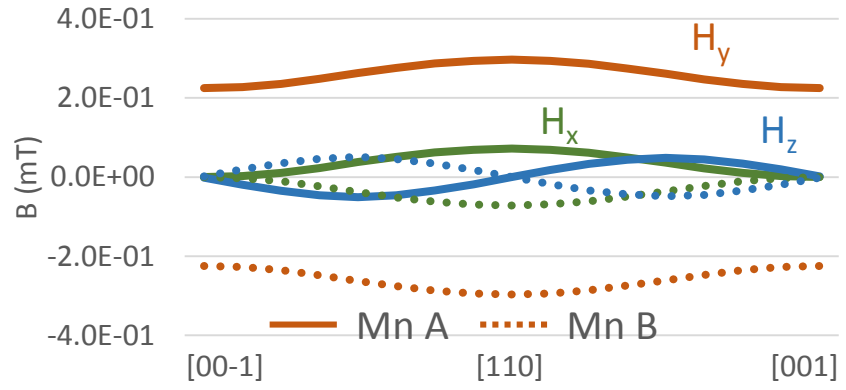
Mn2Au intraband

J along *x*

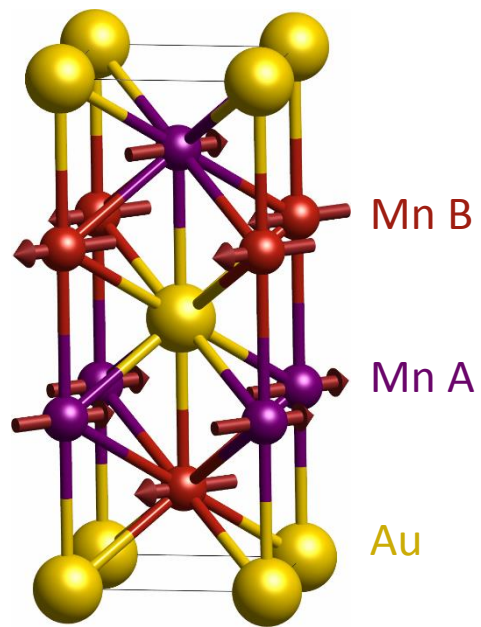
Intraband in-plane



Intraband out-of-plane



Fields are opposite for A and B

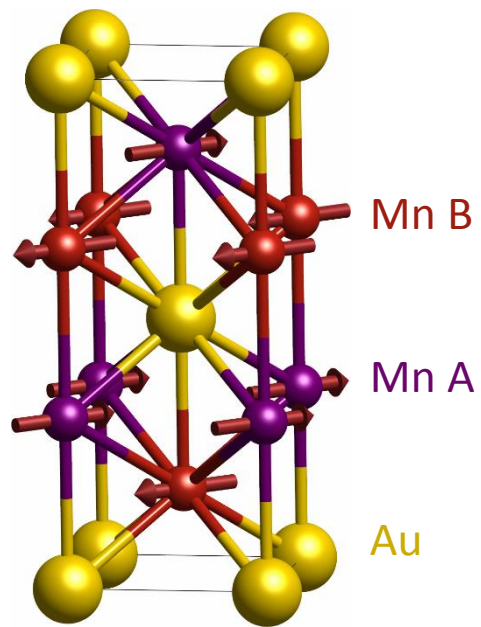
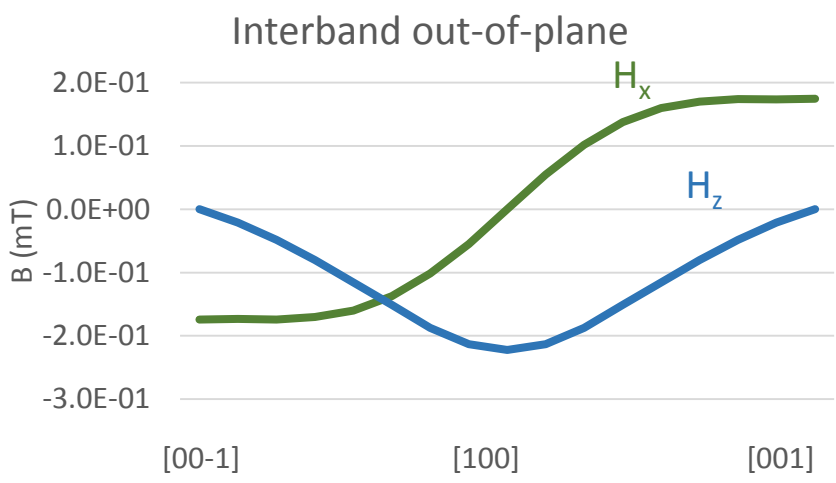
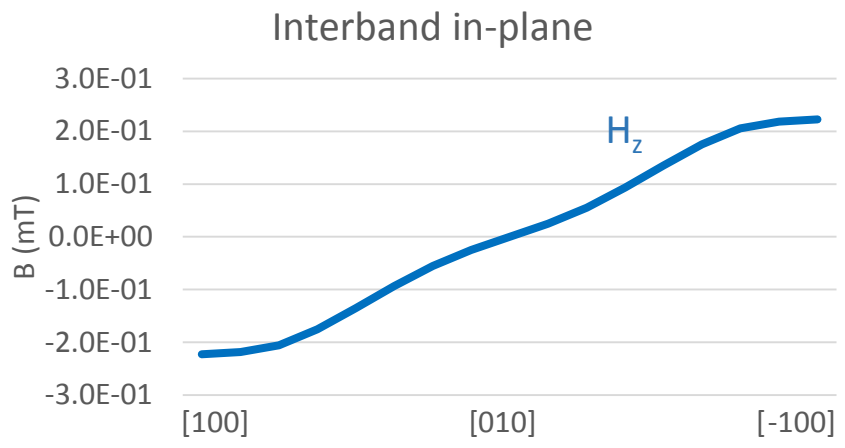


Field-like: $B_{eff} \sim (z \times J)$

Current needed for switching:
 $J \sim 10^9 \text{ Acm}^{-2}$

Mn2Au interband

J along x

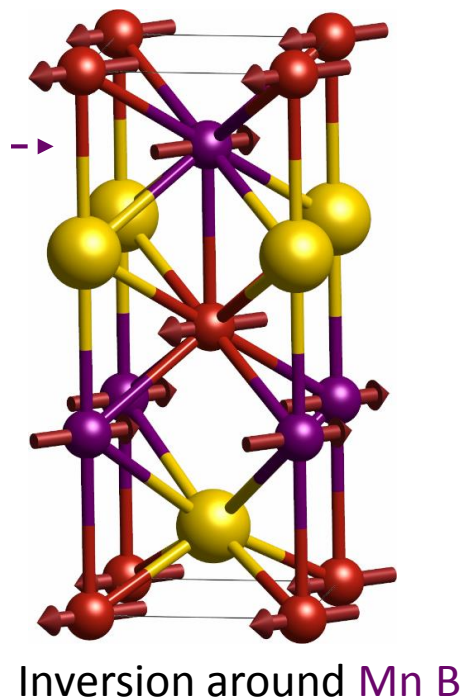
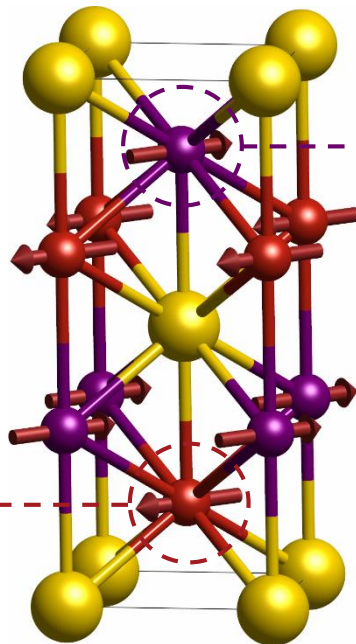
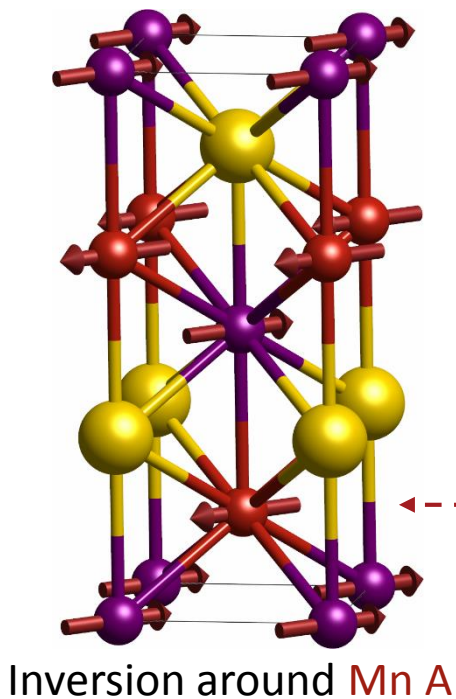


Antidamping-like: $B_{eff} \sim M \times (z \times J)$

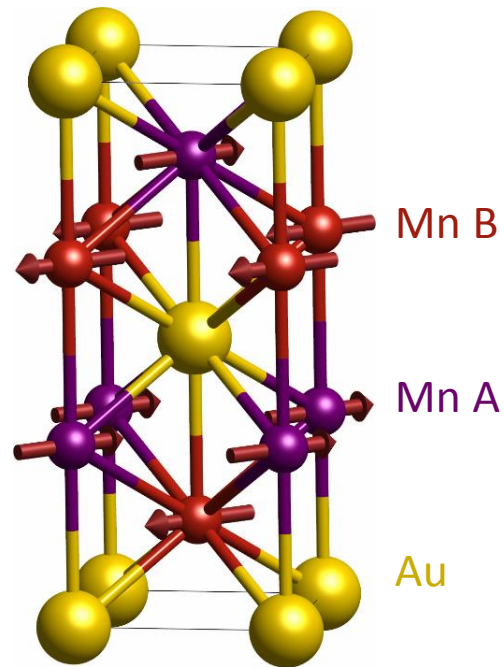
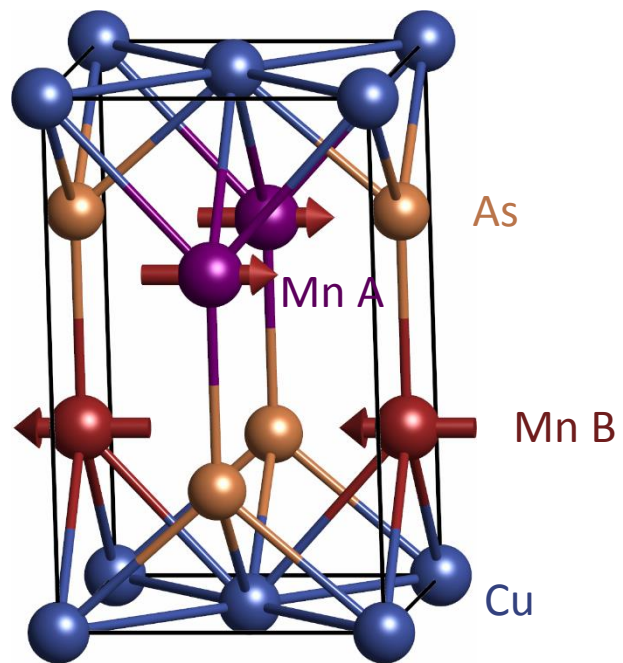
Fields are the same for A and B

Symmetry

		2D system	Mn2Au
Intraband	$B_{eff} \sim (z \times J)$	Same on A and B	Opposite on A and B
Interband	$B_{eff} \sim M \times (z \times J)$	Opposite on A and B	Same on A and B



CuMnAs



Same symmetry as Mn₂Au

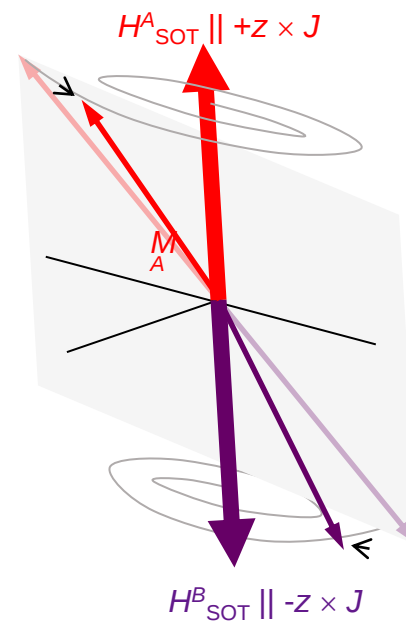
$$\mathbf{B}_{eff}^A \approx (\mathbf{z} \times \mathbf{J})$$

$$\mathbf{B}_{eff}^B \approx -(\mathbf{z} \times \mathbf{J})$$

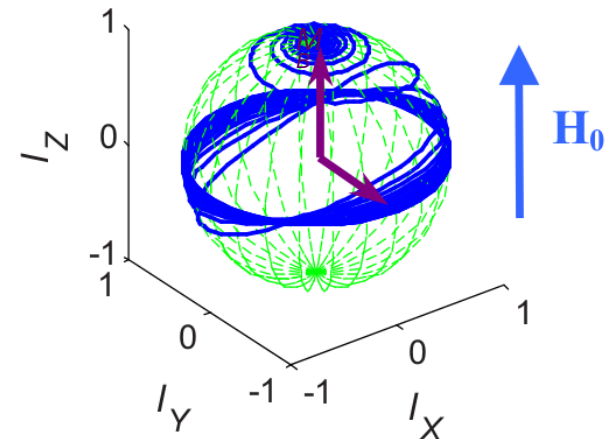
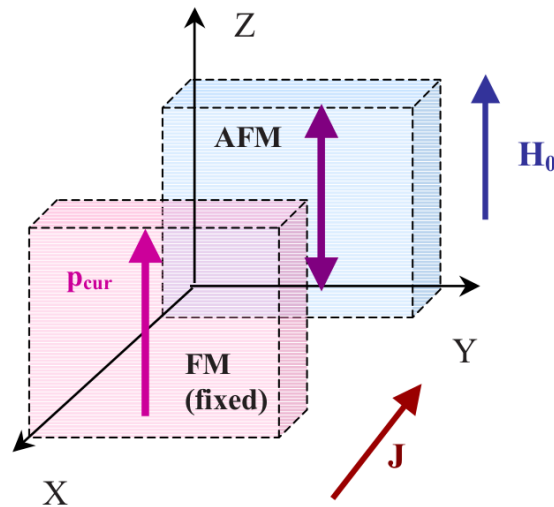
Dynamics

Field-like: $B_{eff} \sim (z \times J)$

Keffer, Kittel, Phys. Rev. 1952



Antidamping-like: $B_{eff} \sim M \times (z \times J)$



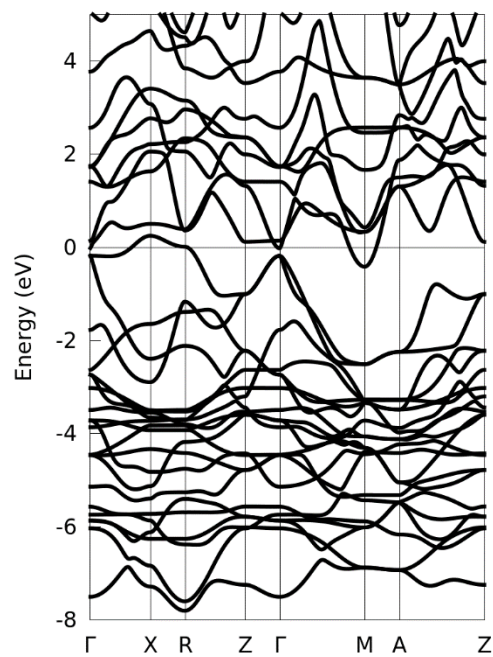
Gomonay, Loktev, PRB 2010

Summary

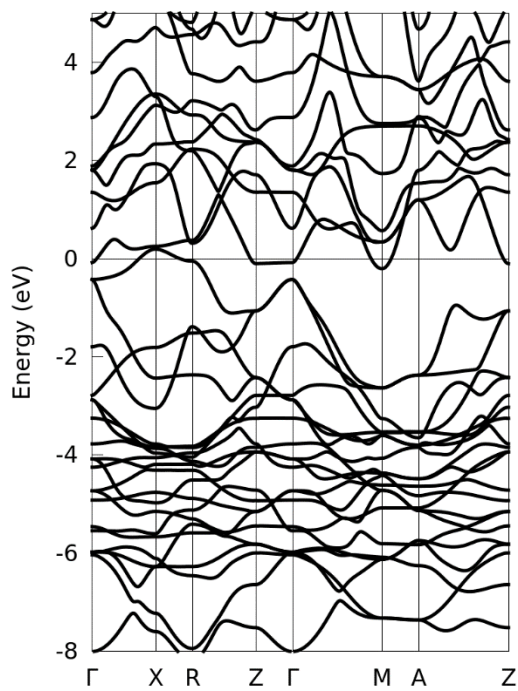
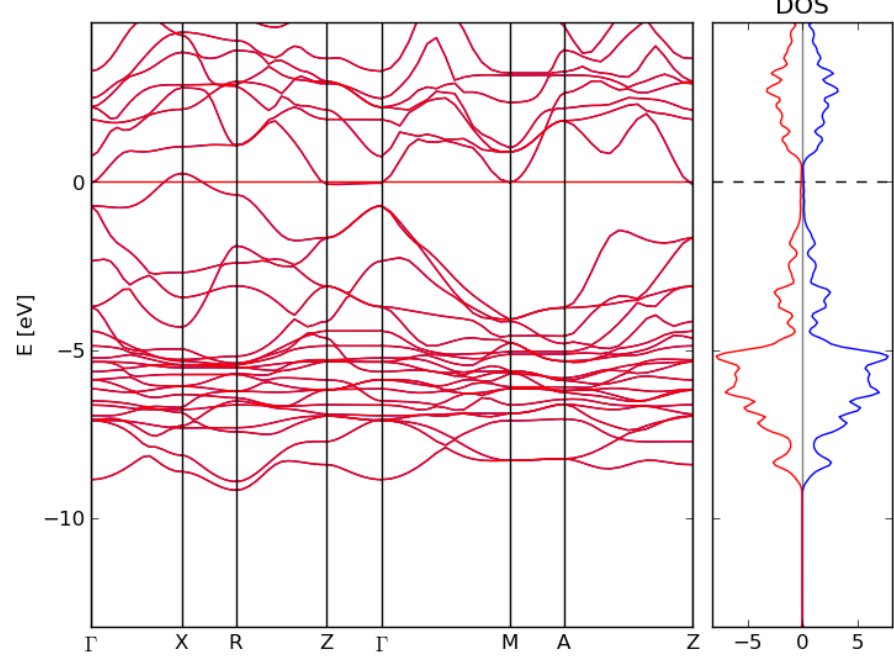
1. Current can produce Néel-order effective field in AFM
2. Breaking of inversion symmetry is probably necessary, but it does not have to be global -> SOT should be present in many systems
3. Switching by such torques can be very fast
4. Both field-like and antidamping-like torques are possible -> different dynamics

I(b)-Mn-V compounds overview

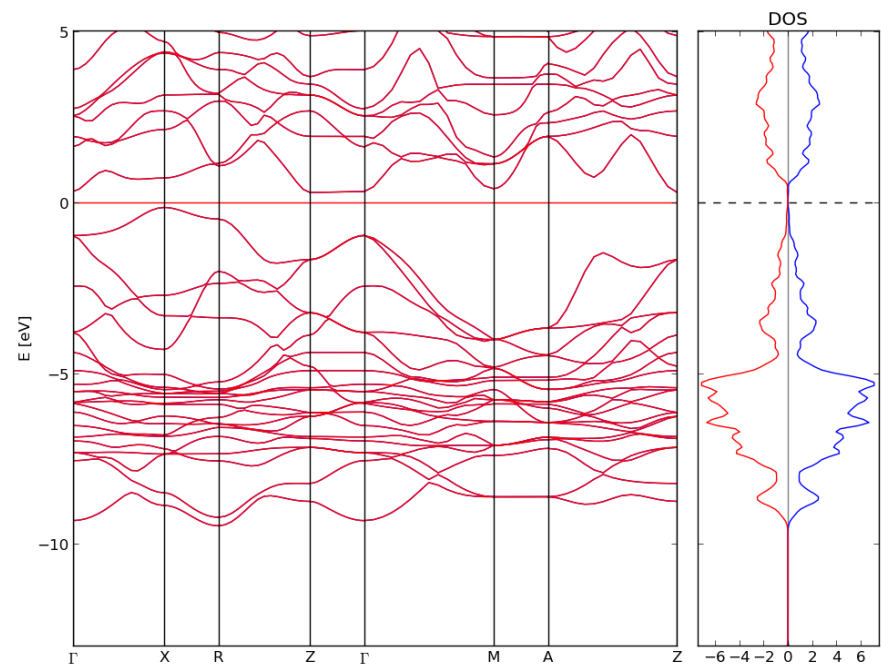
	CuMnAs	CuMnP	CuMnN	AgMnAs	AgMnP	AgMnN	NaMnAs	CuMnSb
I charge	0.041	0.168	0.208	-0.033	0.029	0.140	0.804	-0.435
Mn charge	0.94	1.017	1.206	0.962	1.027	-1.178	0.746	0.896
V charge	-0.96	-1.172	-1.405	-0.919	-1.047	-1.314	-1.534	-0.459
FM-AFM (ev)	0.216	0.296	0.329	0.142	0.244	0.316	0.488	0.006
Str. stab. (eV)	1.377	1.525	1.877	0.442	0.330	-0.788	0.116	

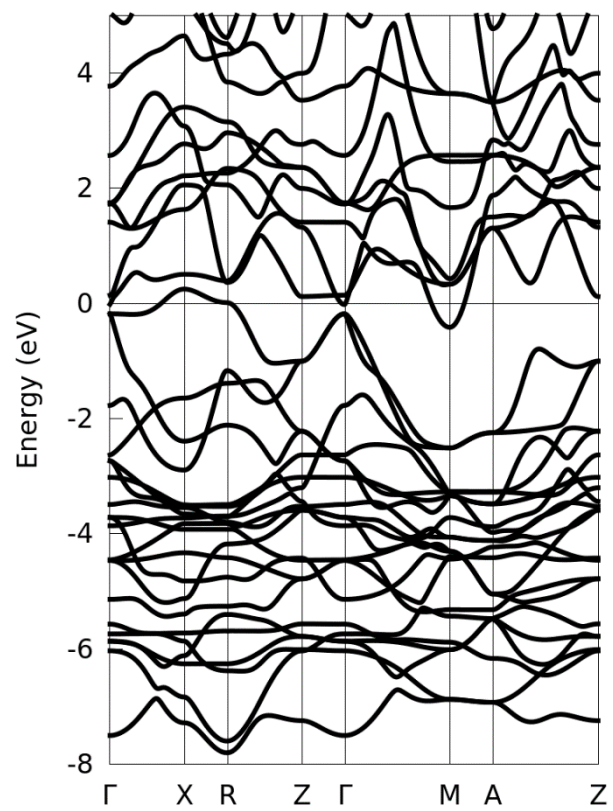


CuMnAs

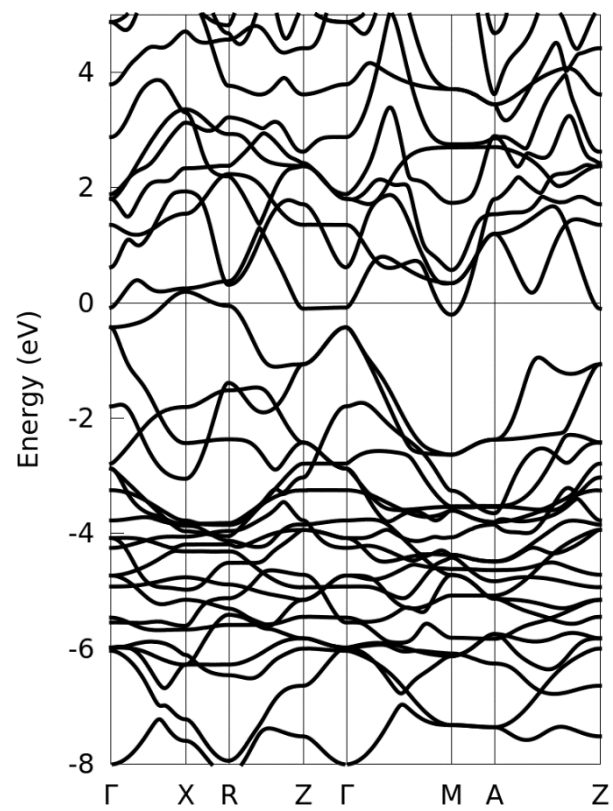


CuMnP





CuMnAs



CuMnP

GGA+U