

# Recent advances in on-surface synthesis of carbon-based $\pi$ -magnetic nanomaterials

Ana Sánchez Grande

- Science Lunch, 29/2/2024



Co-funded by  
the European Union



MINISTRY OF EDUCATION,  
YOUTH AND SPORTS



**FZU**

Institute of Physics  
of the Czech  
Academy of Sciences

# Outline

- **Nanosurf Lab Group**
- **On-Surface Synthesis (OSS) approach**
- **OSS of  $\pi$ -magnetic Nanographenes (0D):**
  - ❑ Sublattice Imbalance
  - ❑ Topological Frustration
  - ❑ Polarization of edge states
  - ❑ Topological defects
- **How to extend  $\pi$ -magnetism to 1D and 2D (our contributions)**
  - ❑ 1D  $\pi$ -conjugated Polymers
  - ❑ 2D Supramolecular organic radical frameworks



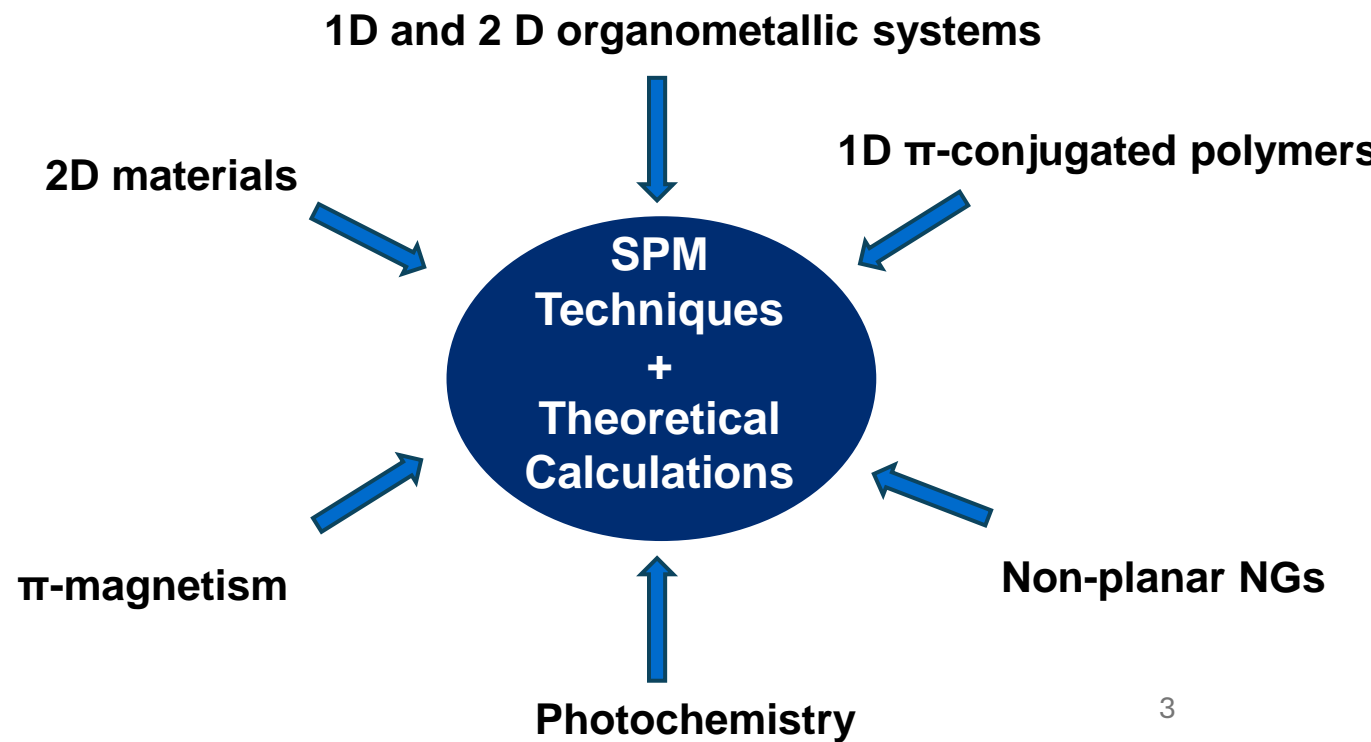
# Nanosurf Lab group



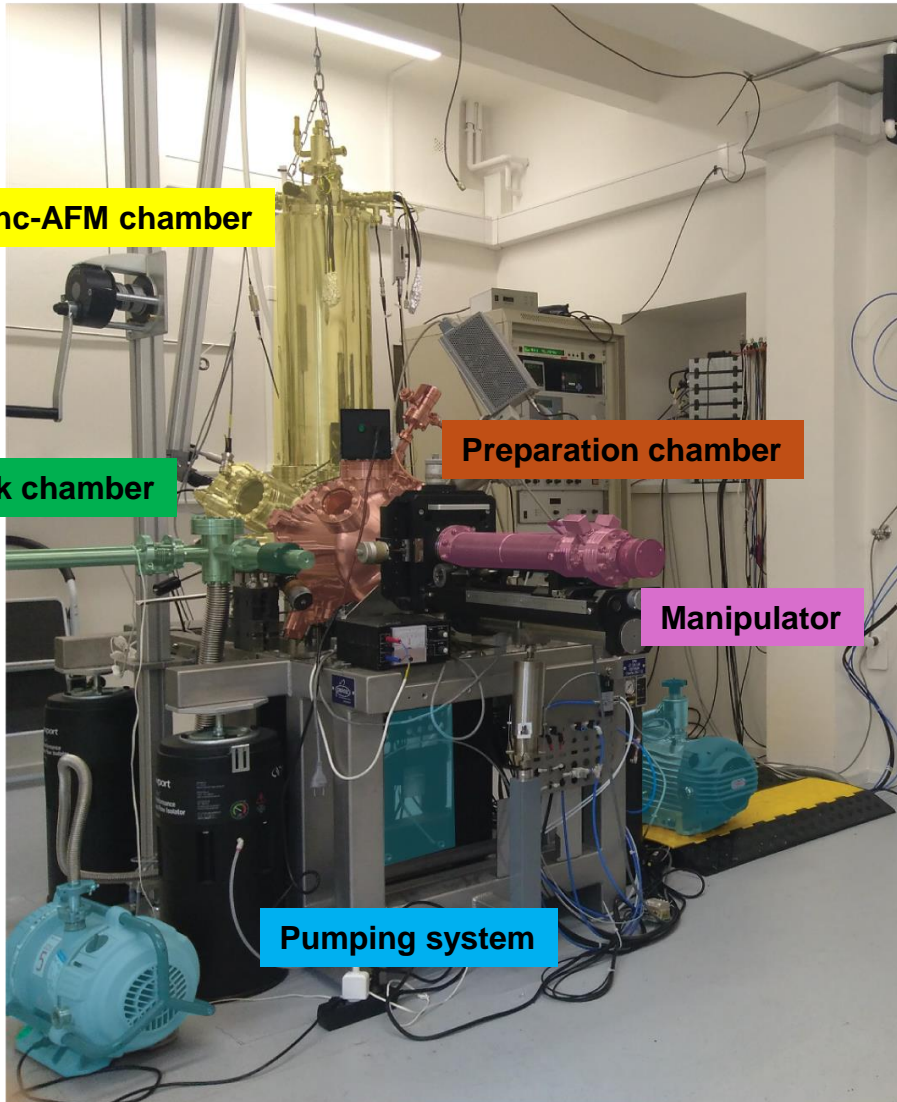
Fyzikální ústav Akademie věd ČR  
Cukrovarnicka 10  
Prague 6, Czech republic

PI: Ass. Prof. Pavel Jelínek

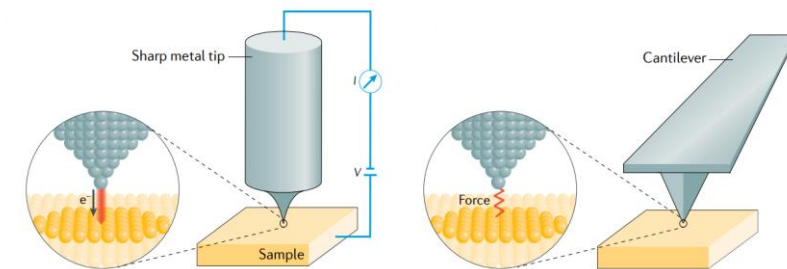
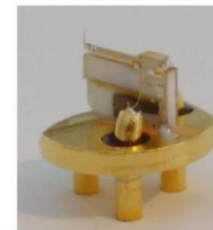
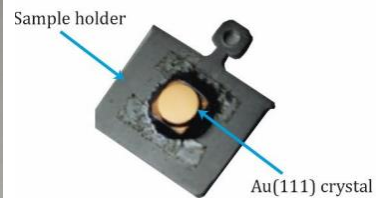
 @nanosurflab



# Instruments and techniques



- **LT-SPM by Createc**
  - Base pressure  $1.2 \times 10^{-10}$  mbar
  - Temperature 4.3 K
  - UHV conditions
- Techniques: STM/STS/nc-AFM
- Sample Preparation:
  - Temperature range: 77–1500 K
  - UV light exposure



*Bian K.; et al., Nat Rev Methods Primers 1, 36 (2021)*

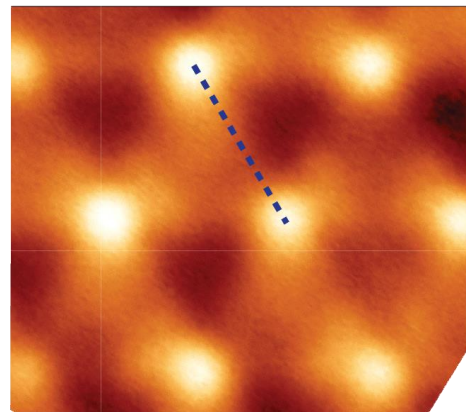
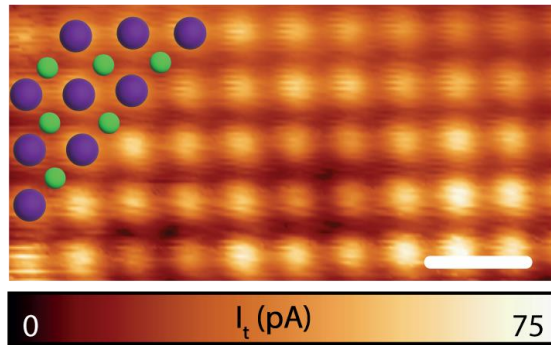
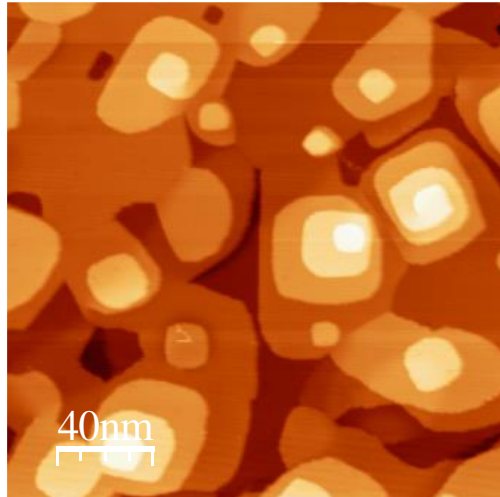


# STM vs nc-AFM measurements

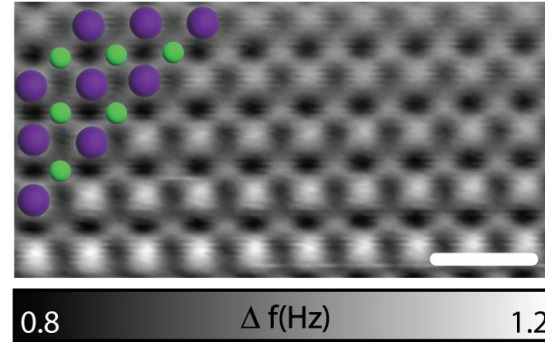
## SnSe crystal

### STM

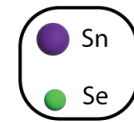
Overview



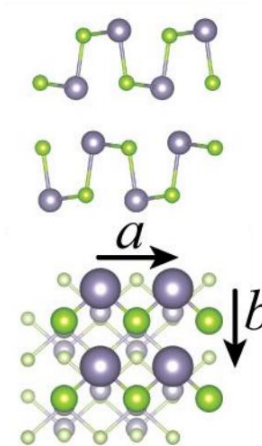
### Nc-AFM



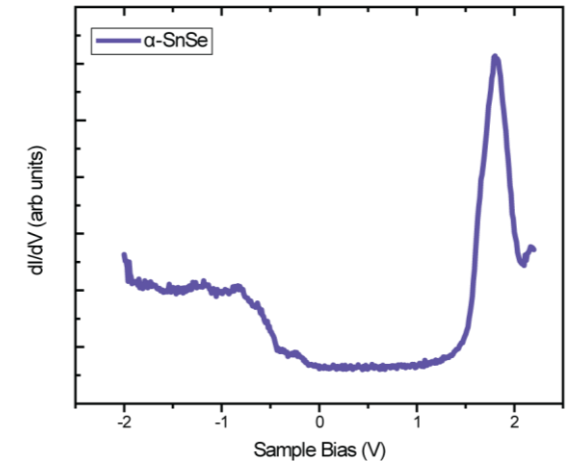
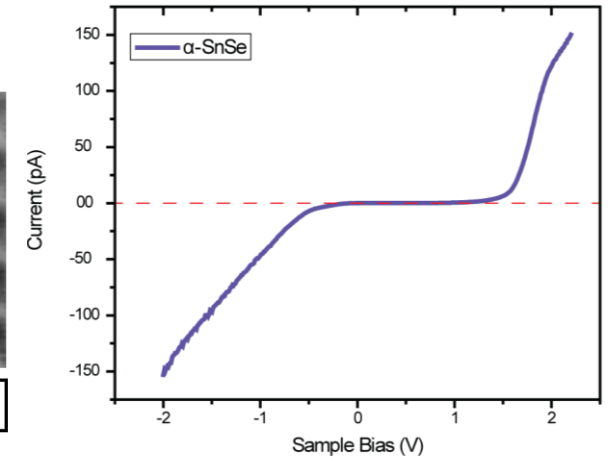
Side view



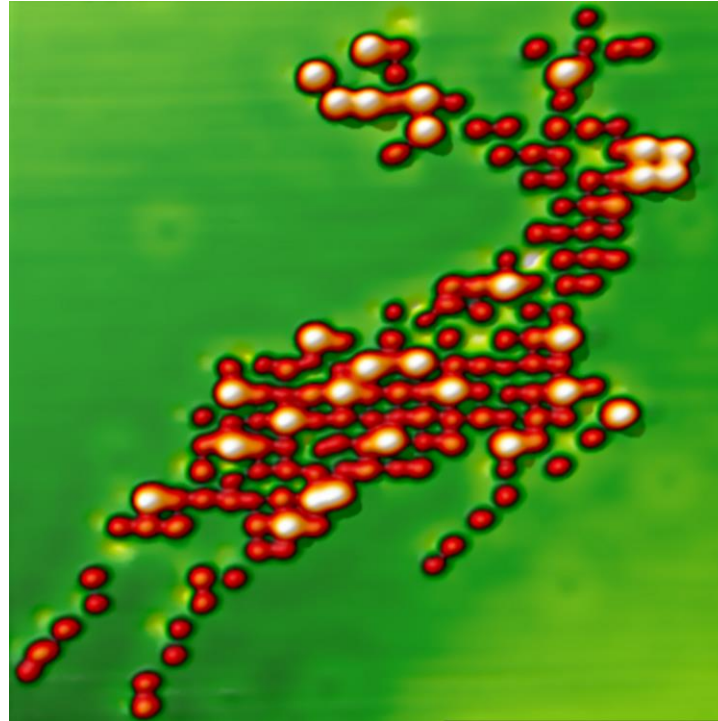
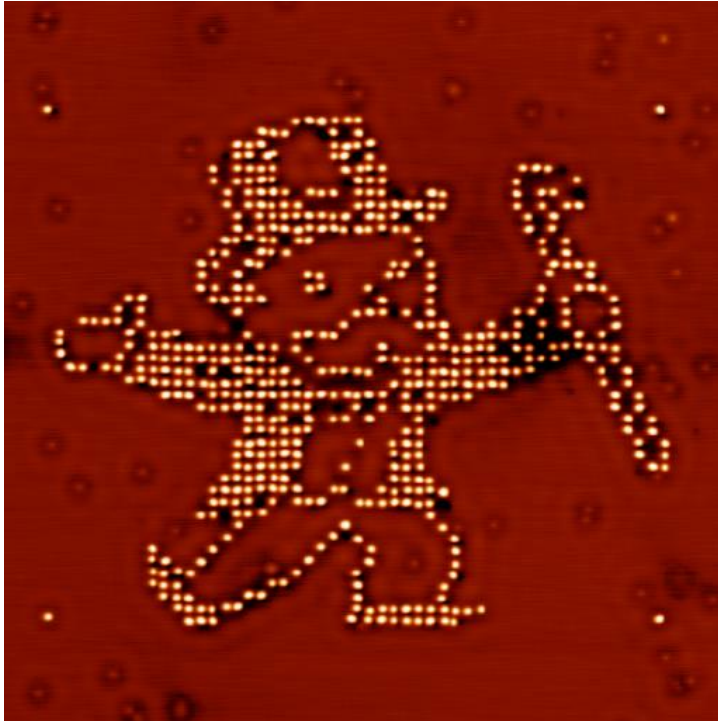
Top view



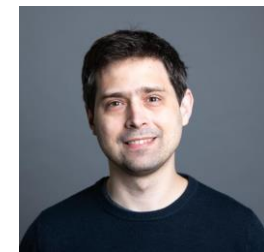
### STS



# Single atom manipulation



By Oleksandr Stetsovych, PhD



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# On-Surface Synthesis approach

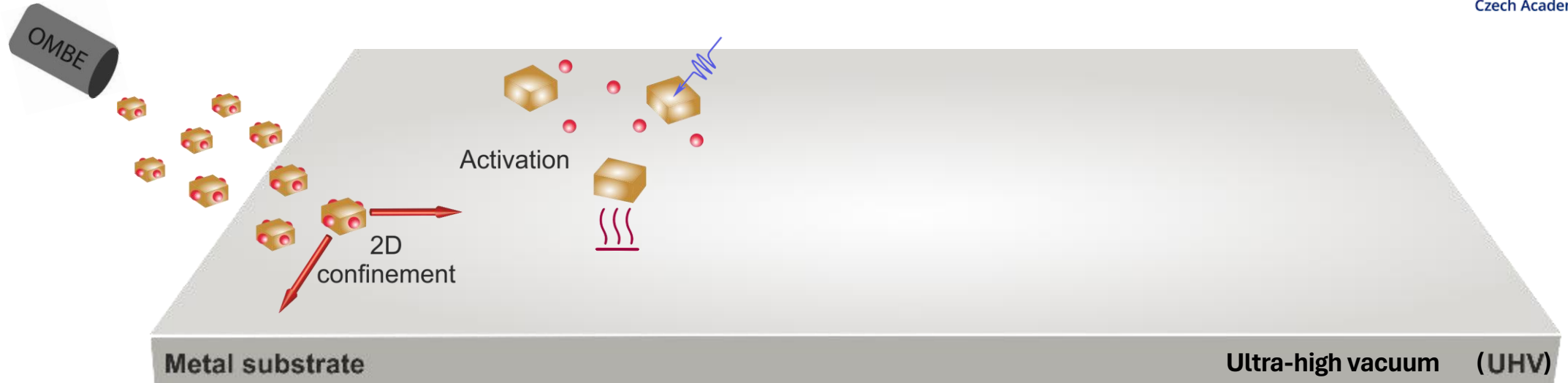


Ideal conditions for the synthesis of carbon-based nanostructures

- Inert vacuum environment
- Stabilizing effect of the supporting substrate
- Catalytic role of the metal substrate



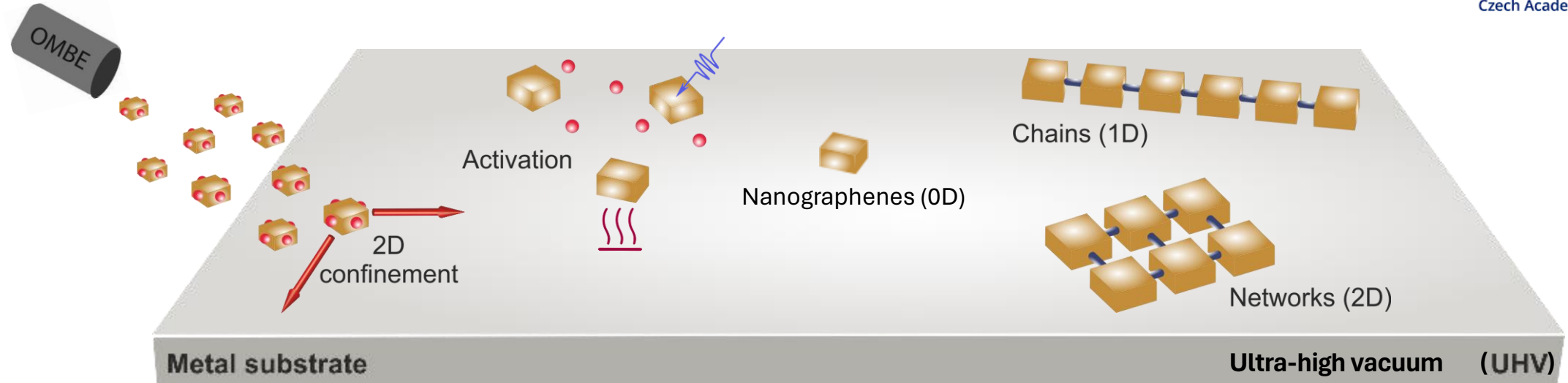
# On-Surface Synthesis approach



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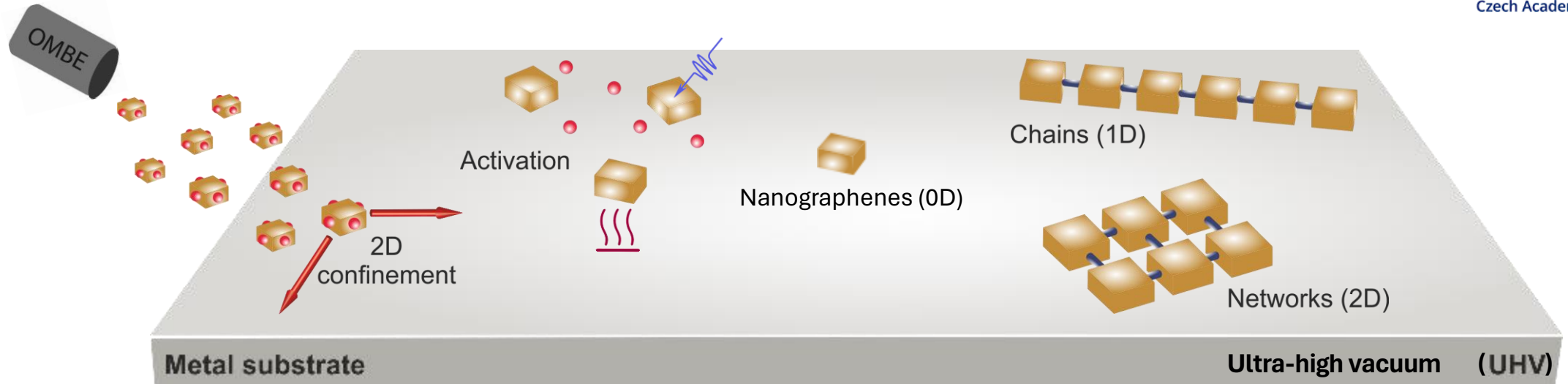
# On-Surface Synthesis approach



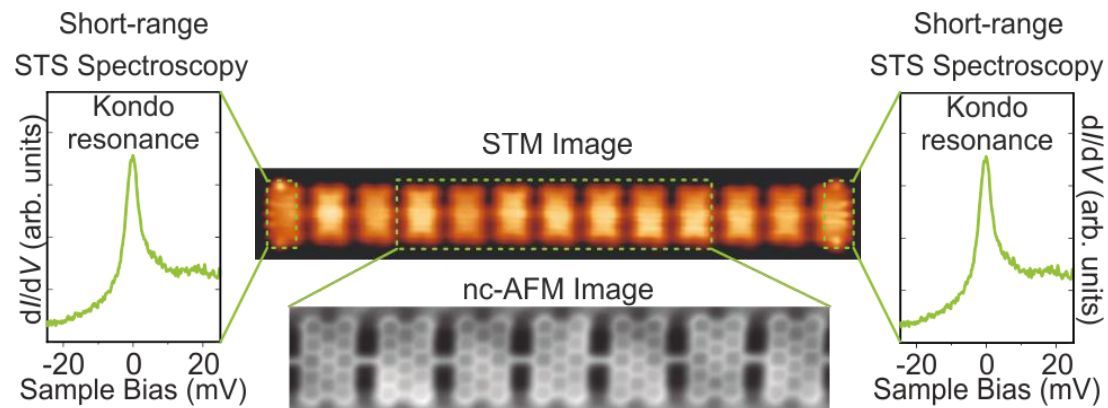
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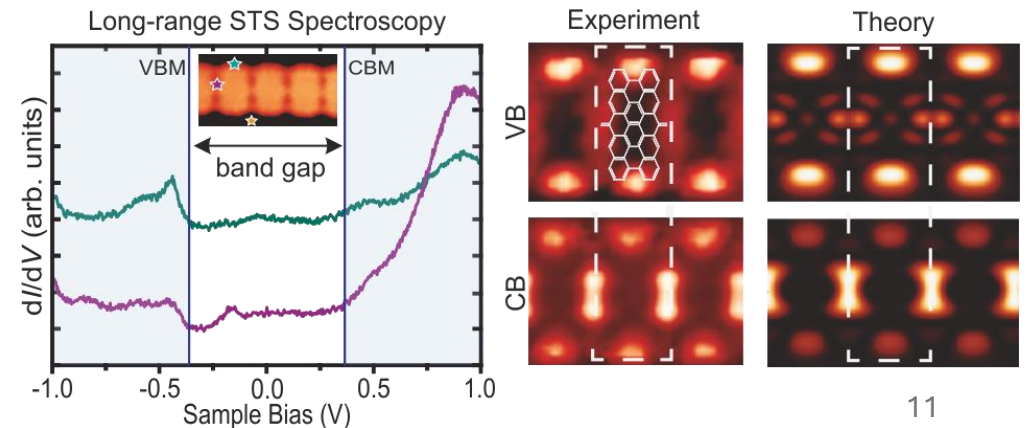
# On-Surface Synthesis approach



## Scanning probe techniques: simultaneous structural and electronic characterization



*Sánchez-Grande, A; et al. ACIE, 59 (2020)*





# On-Surface Synthesis approach

Main Advantage: Overcoming limitations intrinsic to conventional solution synthesis.

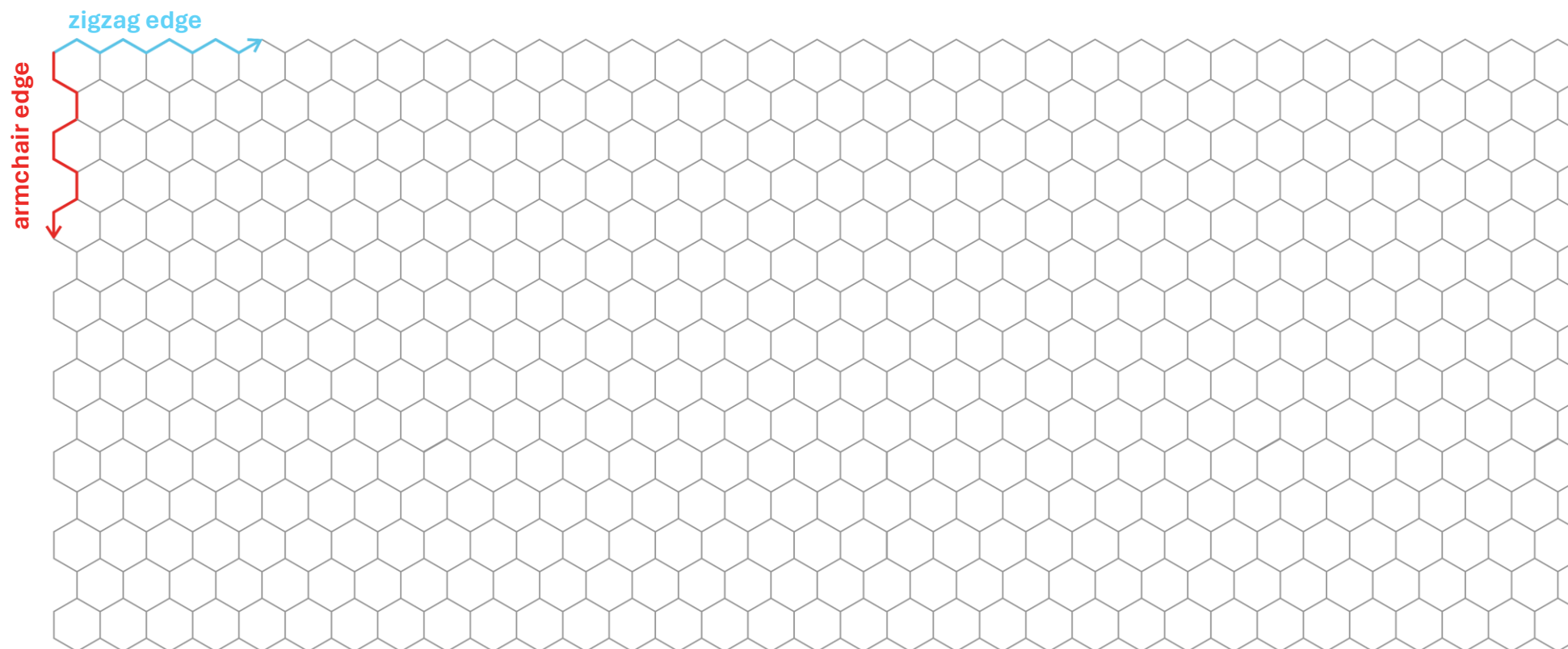
**DISRUPTIVE NANOGRAFENE & POLYMER SCIENCE** (organic chemistry + **on-surface synthesis**)

Unprecedented tailor-made nanomaterials

Unique properties at the nanoscale

Novel chemical reactions

▶ Low bandgap ▶  $\pi$ -magnetism



# On-Surface Synthesis approach

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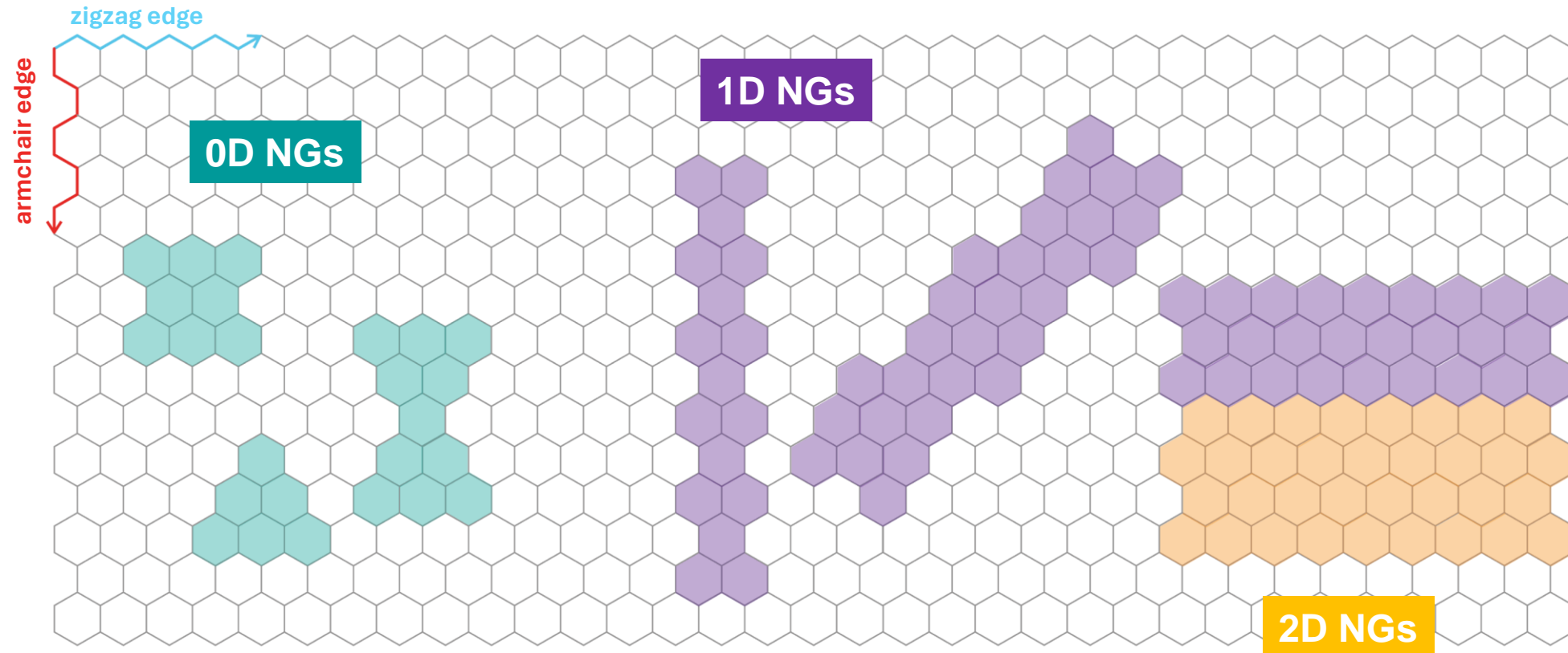
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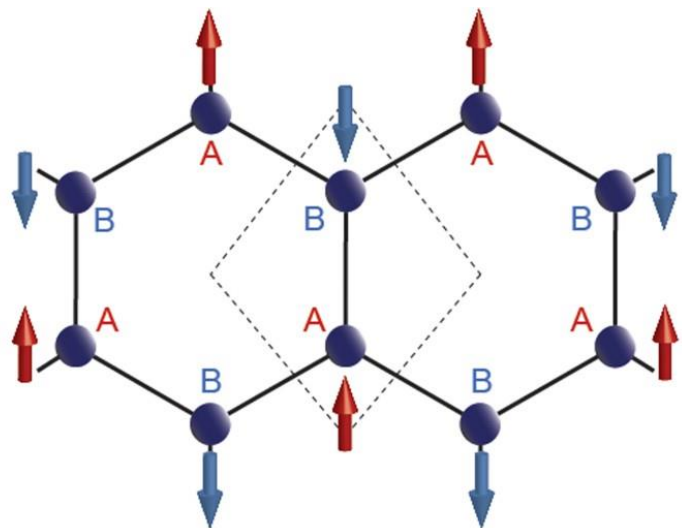
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# Sublattice Imbalance

If the two sublattices have different number of atoms, they cannot bind pairwise, presenting  $\pi$ -radicals

Bipartite system



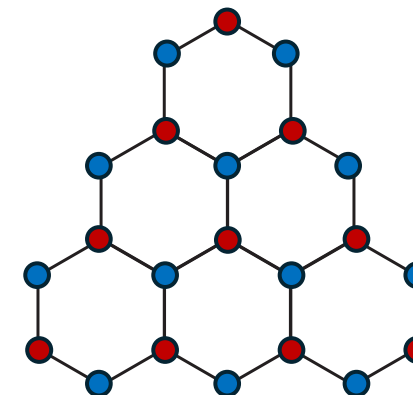
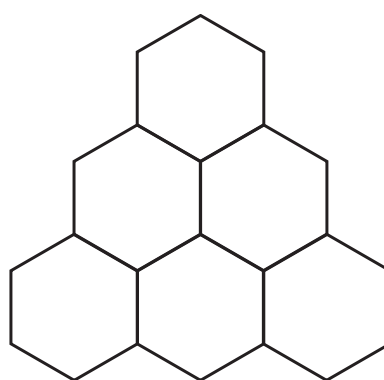
Lieb's Theorem

$$S = \frac{1}{2} |N_A - N_B|$$

*Lieb E. H., Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 1927 (1989)*

*Dutta S. and Wakabayashi K., Sci Rep 5, 11744 (2015)*

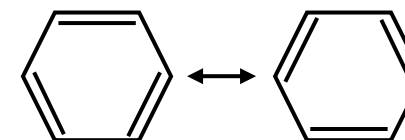
Triangulenes



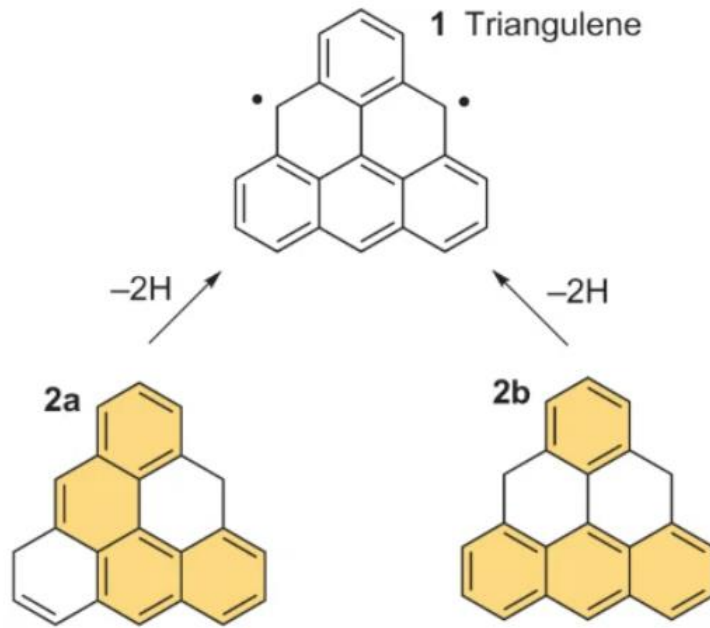
●  $N_A = 12$   
●  $N_B = 10$   
 $S = 1$

Non-Kekule structure

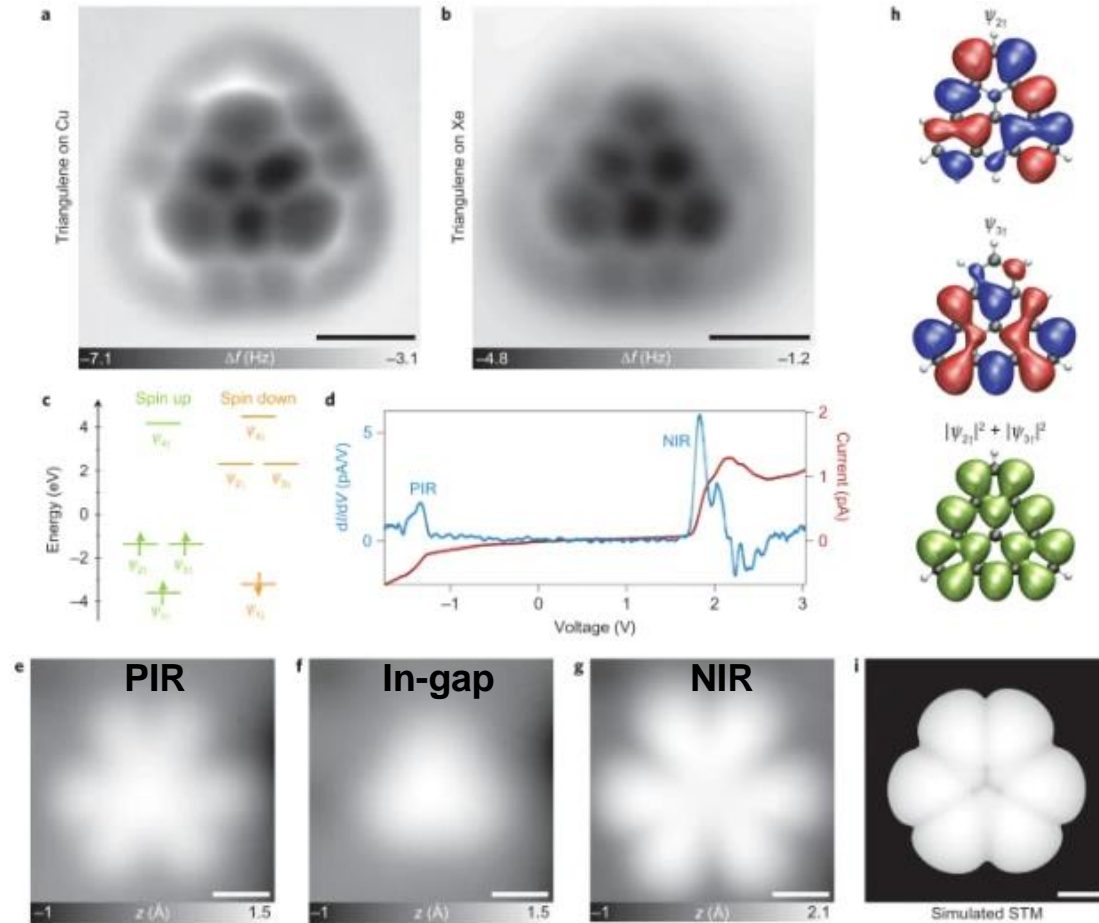
*Clar E. And Stewart D. G., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 75, 11, 2667–2672 (1953)*



# Triangulene molecule



Pavliček N.; et al., *Nat Nanotechnol* 12, 308–311 (2017)

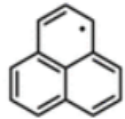


- **Indirect demonstration of its magnetism** by the characterization of the singly occupied molecular orbitals: the frontier orbitals are two degenerate orbitals ( $\psi_2$  and  $\psi_3$ ), an occupied pair (spin up) and an unoccupied pair (spin down)

# Larger members of triangulene family

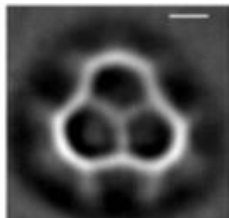
$$S = |N_A - N_B|/2$$

$$S = 1/2$$



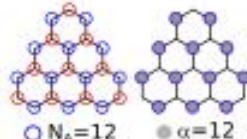
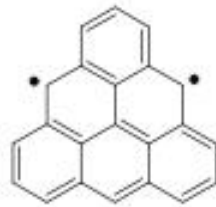
$$N_A - N_B = 1$$

$$S = 1/2$$



Turco E.; et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc. Au* **3**, 5, 1358–1364 (2023)

(a) Triangulene (1)



$$N_A = 12$$

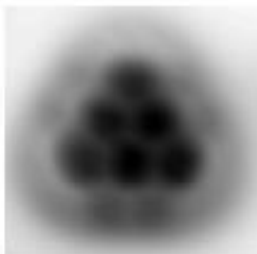
$$N_B = 10$$

$$S = 1$$

$$\alpha = 12$$

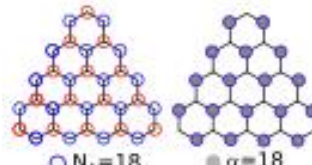
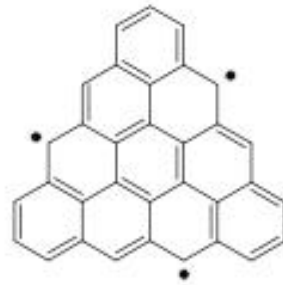
$$N = 22$$

$$\eta = 2$$



Pavliček N.; et al., *Nat Nanotechnol* **12**, 308–311 (2017)

(b) [4]-Triangulene (2)



$$N_A = 18$$

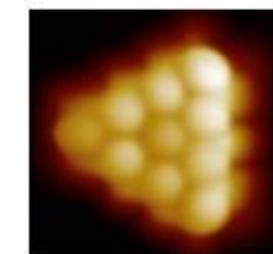
$$N_B = 15$$

$$S = 3/2$$

$$\alpha = 18$$

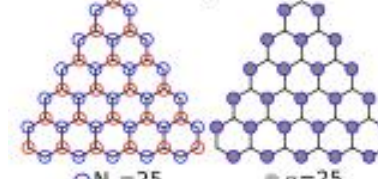
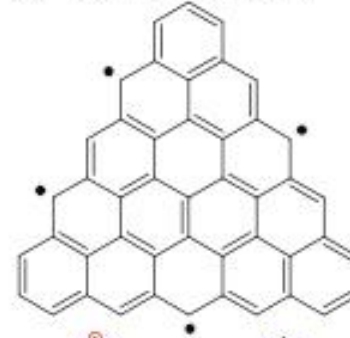
$$N = 33$$

$$\eta = 3$$



Mishra S.; et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **141**, 10621–5 (2019)

(c) [5]-Triangulene (3)



$$N_A = 25$$

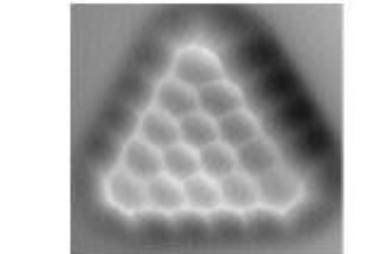
$$N_B = 21$$

$$S = 2$$

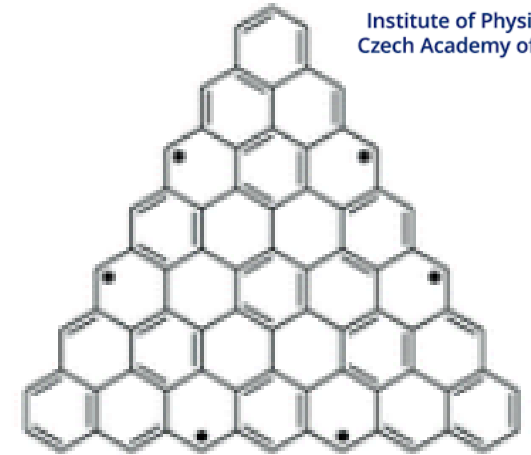
$$\alpha = 25$$

$$N = 46$$

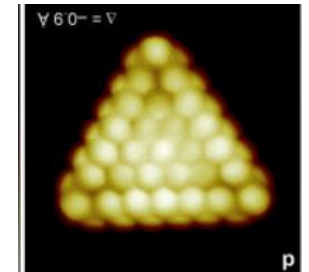
$$\eta = 4$$



Su J.; et al., *Sci. Adv.* **5**, eaav7717 (2019)



[7]Triangulene ( $C_{72}H_{54}$ )  
 $S = 3$



Mishra S.; et al., *Nanoscale* **13**, 1624–1628 (2021)

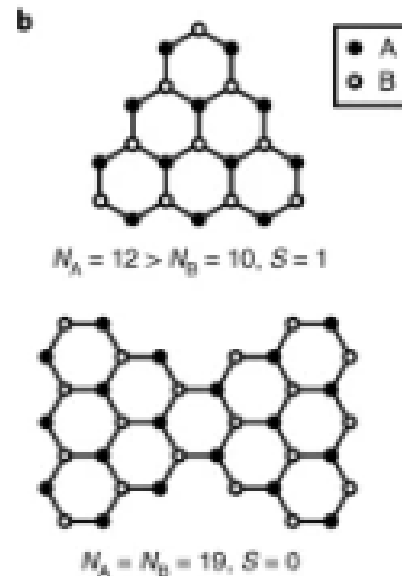
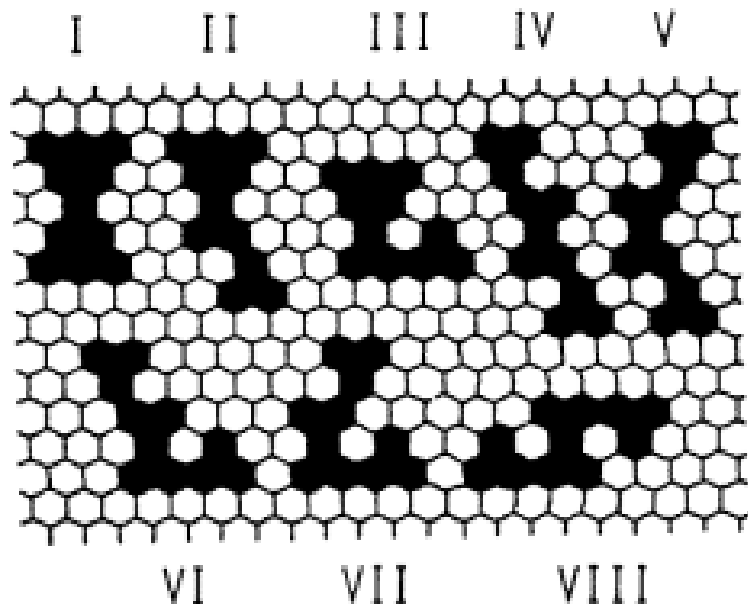
- As the size is increased, the sublattice imbalance becomes greater and the **high-spin ground states** are generated



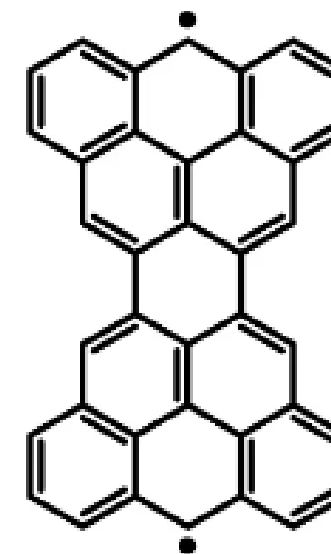
# Topological frustration

Benzenoid carbon NGs that even showing sublattice balance, they present non-Kekule structures.

Smallest NGs comprising eleven hexagons exhibiting topological frustration



Clar's Goblet

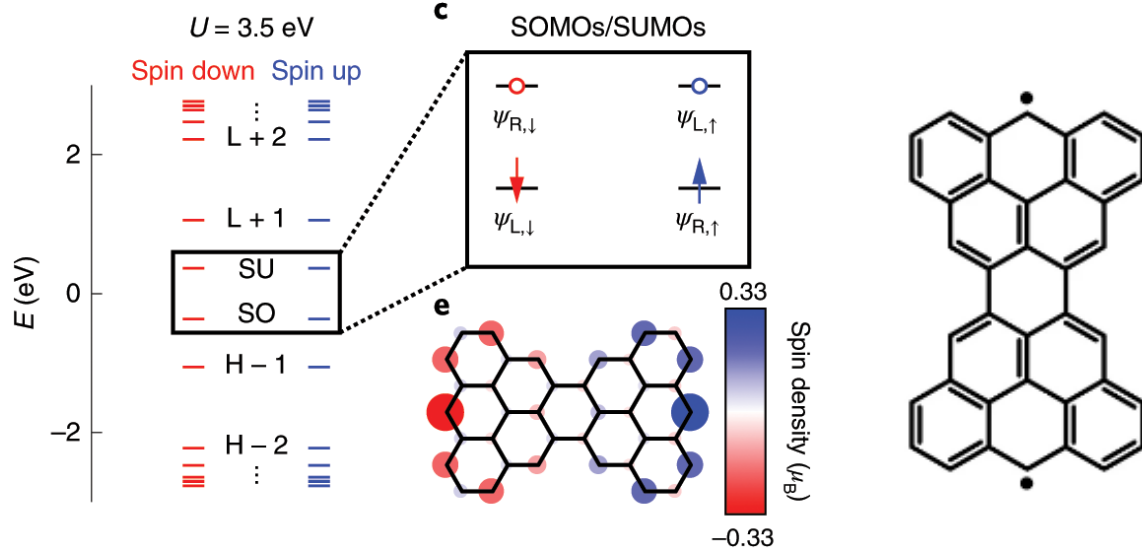


*Cyvin S. J., et al., Journal of Math Chem, 4, 47-54 (1990)*

Theory predicts a **singlet open-shell ground state**, where the two unpaired electrons are antiferromagnetically coupled

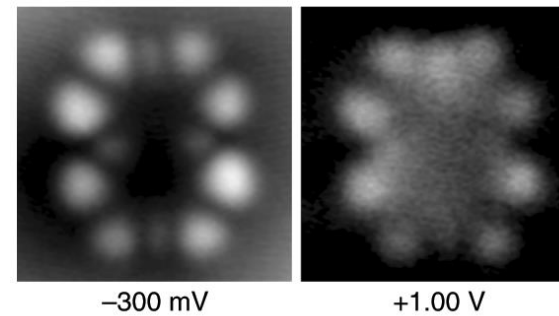
# Topological frustration

## MFH model

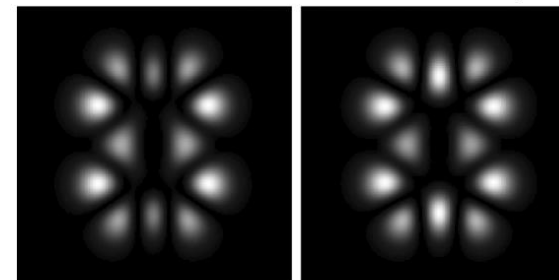


Mishra S.; et al., *Nat Nanotechnol*, 15, 22–28 (2020)

Experimental  $dI/dV$  maps



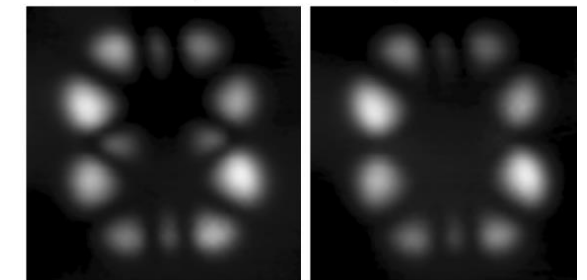
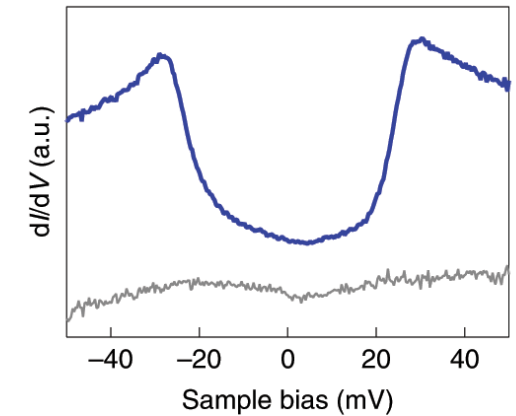
MFH-LDOS maps



SOMO

SUMO

Low  $dI/dV$  High



$-23$  mV

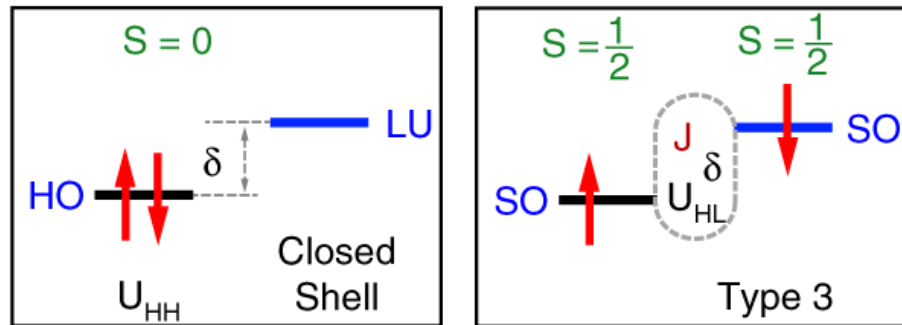
$+23$  mV

Low  $dI/dV$  High

- The MFH solution predicts an **antiferromagnetic (open-shell singlet) ground state**.
- The spin-polarized wave functions of the singly occupied molecular orbitals (SOMOs) and singly unoccupied molecular orbitals (SUMOs) are spatially separated and sublattice-polarized
- Low-energy **STS reveal evidence of magnetism** in the form of steps located at  $\pm 23$  mV

# Polarization of edge states

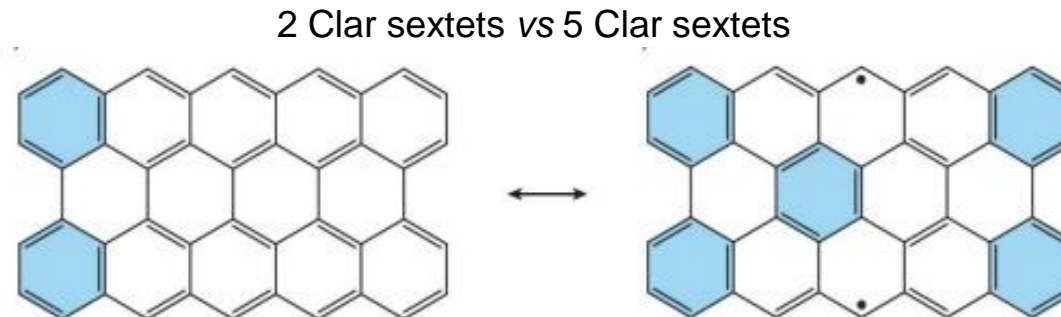
Low energy states can present spin polarization triggered by effective Coulomb repulsion in double occupied molecular orbitals (e-e interaction).



Size-dependance spin-polarization due to the important influence of the electronic HOMO-LUMO gap

*Li J.; et al., Nat Comm, 10, 200 (2019)*

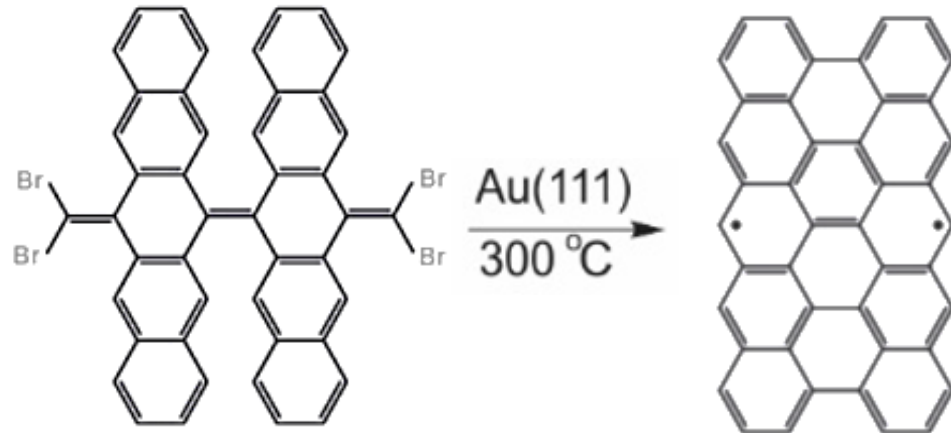
- Extended Clar's rule, together with the degeneracy of a NG, gives a simple and intuitive explanation about the nature of the ground state of NGs.
- The stabilization energy of **three new Clar sextets** compensates the energetic cost of forming a **pair of  $\pi$ -radicals**.





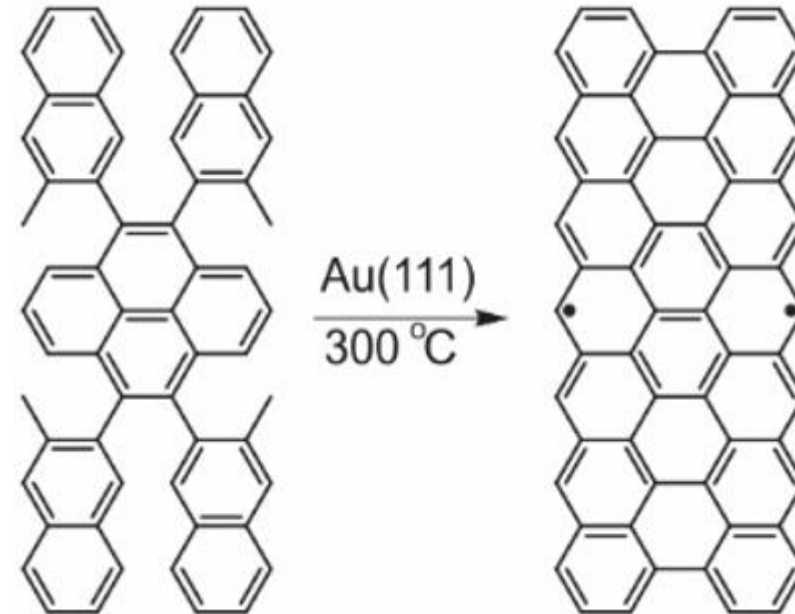
# OSS of *peri-acenes*

## Peri-pentacene



*Sánchez-Grande, A; et al. J. Phys. Chem. Lett, 12 (1), 330-336 (2020)*

## Peri-heptacene

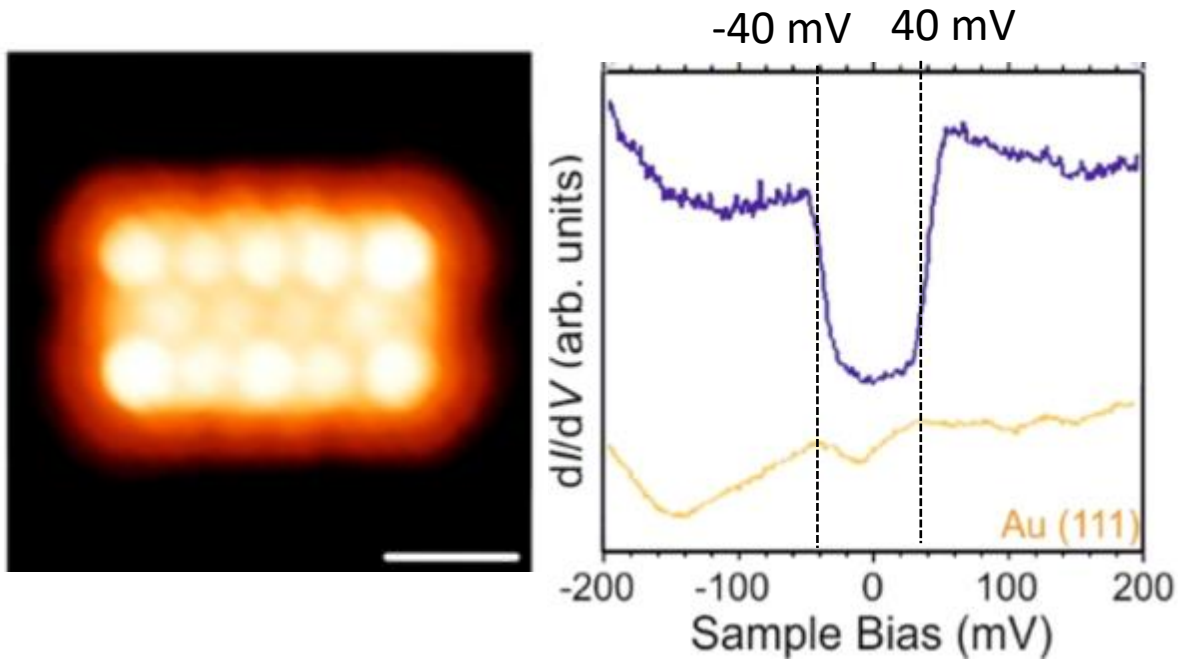


*Biswas, K. et al. Angew. Chem.Int. Ed. 61 (23), e202114983 (2022)*

- Thermal activation on Au(111) towards the synthesis of peri-acenes

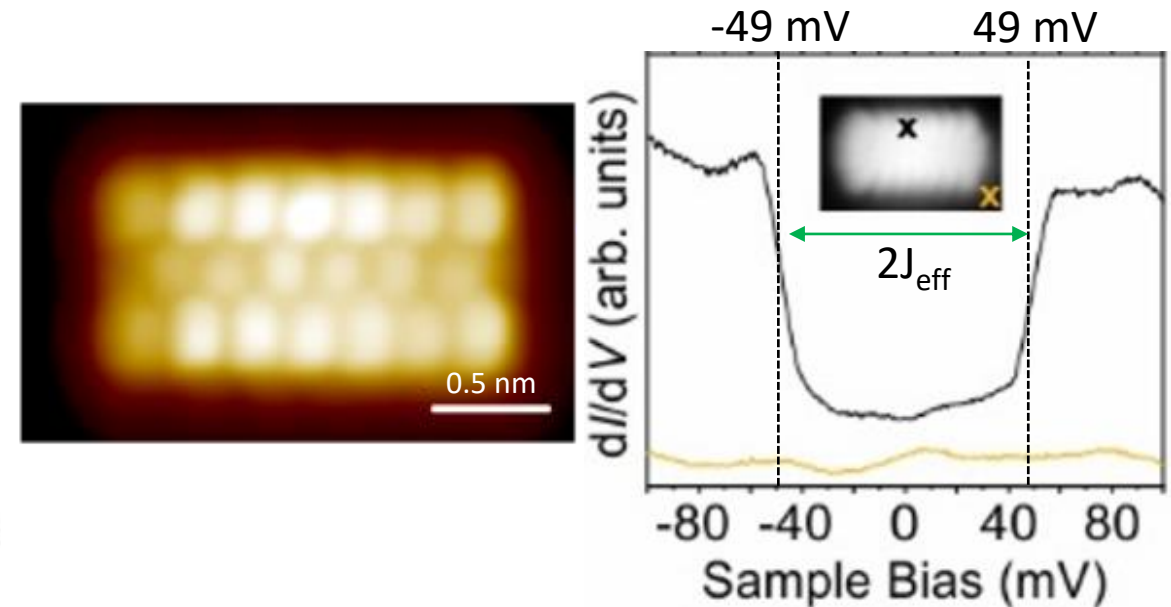
# Peri-acenes family

## Peri-pentacene



*Sánchez-Grande, A; et al. J. Phys. Chem. Lett, 12 (1), 330-336 (2020)*

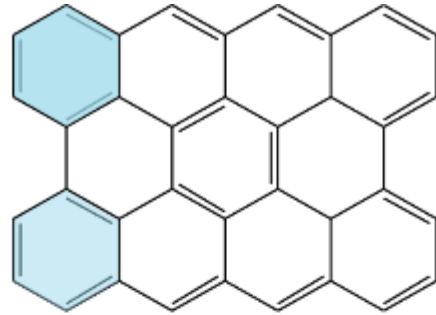
## Peri-heptacene



*Biswas, K. et al. Angew. Chem.Int. Ed. 61 (23), e202114983 (2022)*

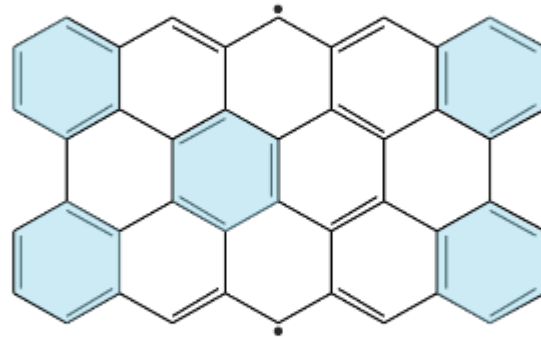
- STS measurements confirm the **open-shell singlet ground state ( $S = 0$ )** of peripentacene and periheptacene on Au111.

# Peri-acenes family



## Controversial ground state

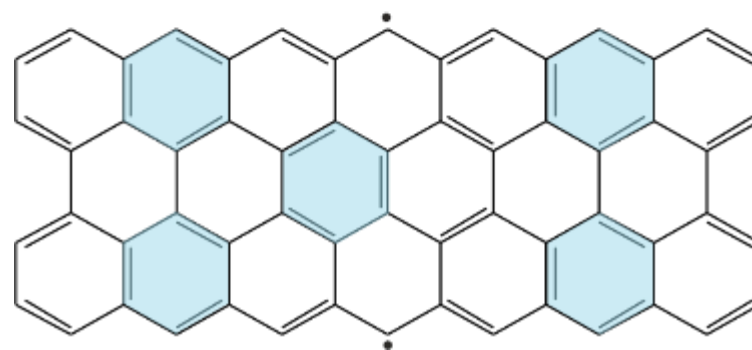
*Mishra, S.; et al., ACS Nano 12,  
11917–11927 (2018)*



$J_{\text{eff}} = 40 \text{ meV}$

## Open-shell ground state

*Sánchez-Grande, A; et al. J. Phys.  
Chem. Lett, 12 (1), 330-336 (2020)*



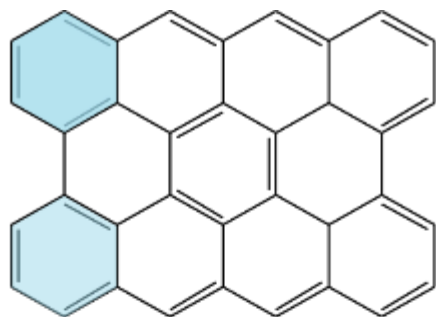
$J_{\text{eff}} = 49 \text{ meV}$

## Open-shell ground state

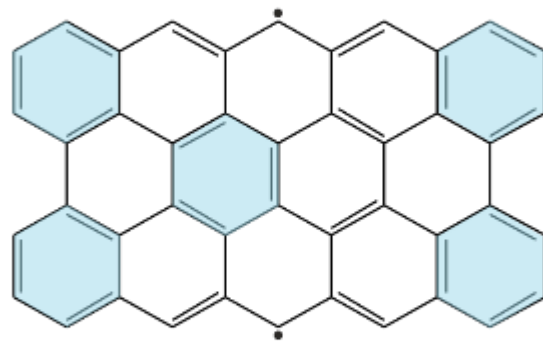
*Biswas, K. et al. Angew. Chem.Int. Ed.  
61 (23), e202114983 (2022)*

- The ground state structure of different peri-acenes have been elucidated by STM/STS on the Au111 surface.

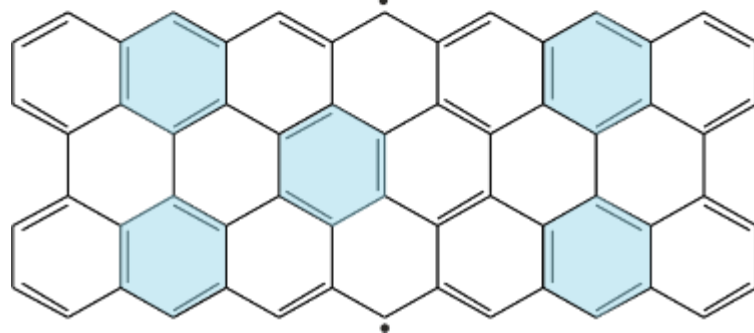
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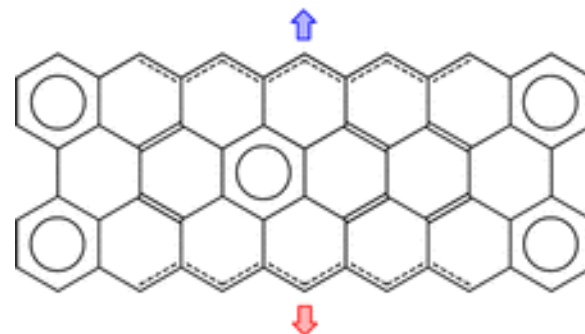
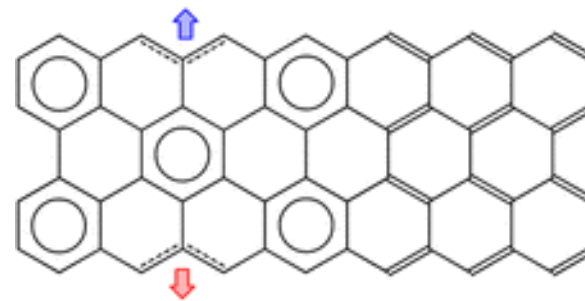
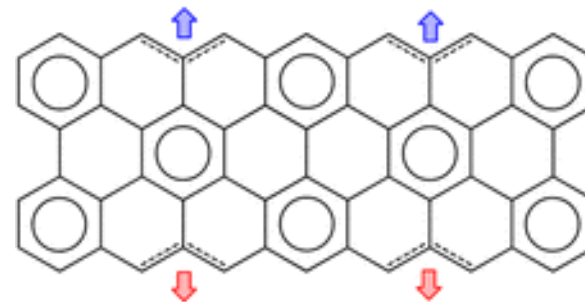
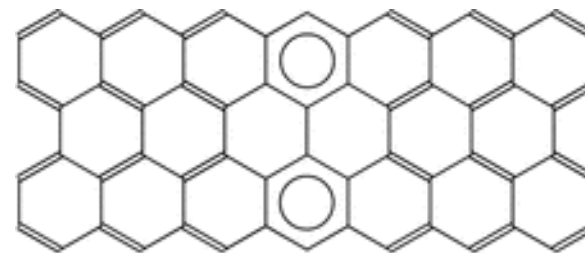
$J_{\text{eff}} = 40 \text{ meV}$



$J_{\text{eff}} = 49 \text{ meV}$



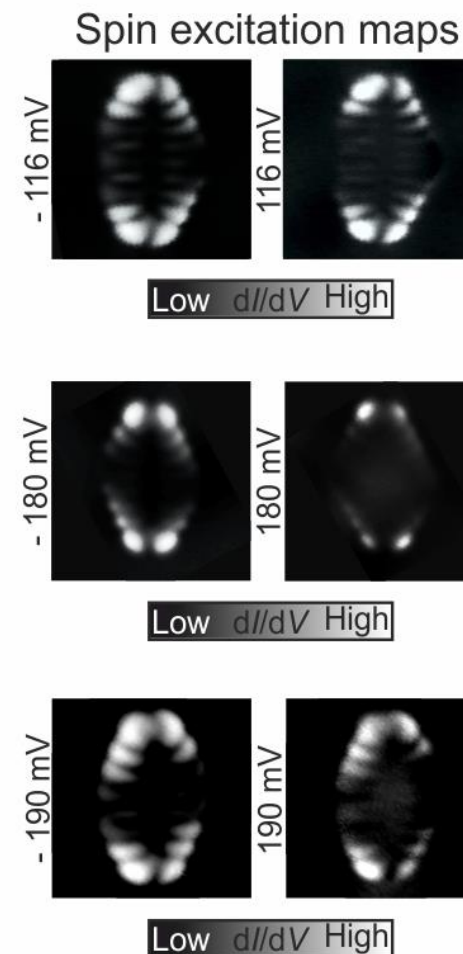
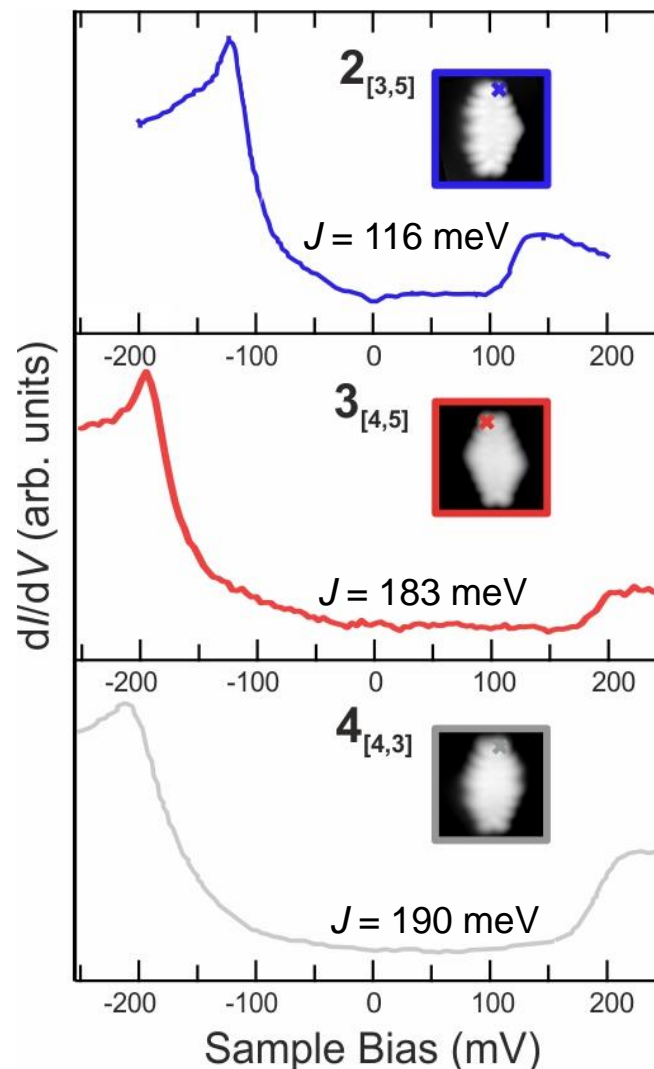
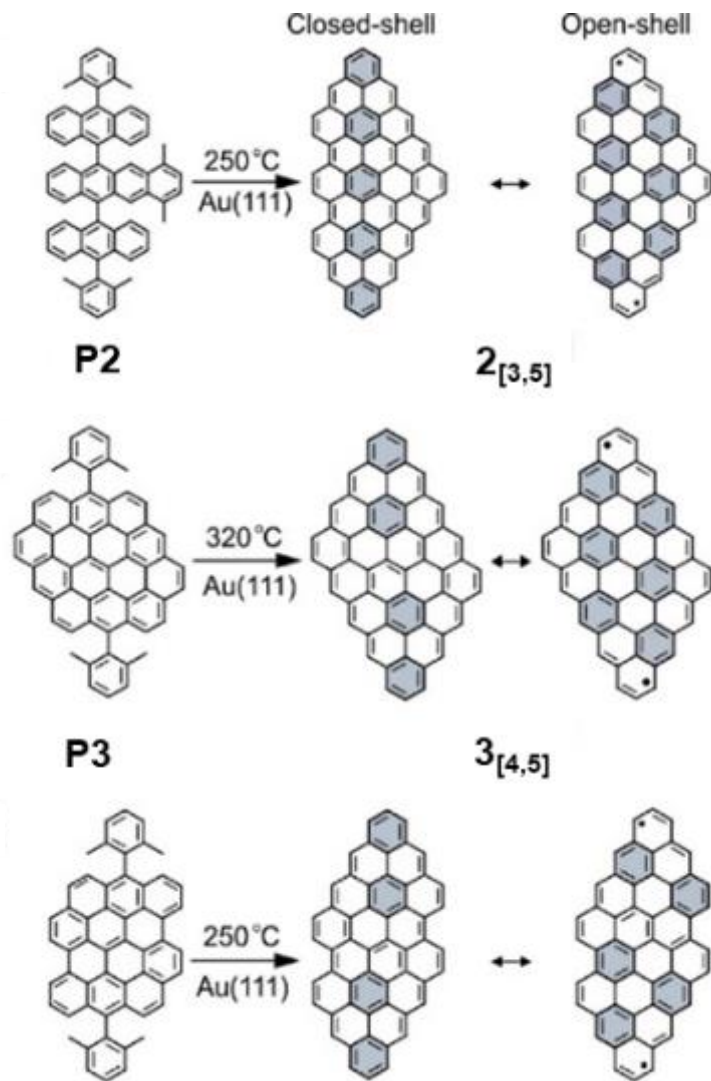
## Clar sextets migration



- Counting rules are only a guidance



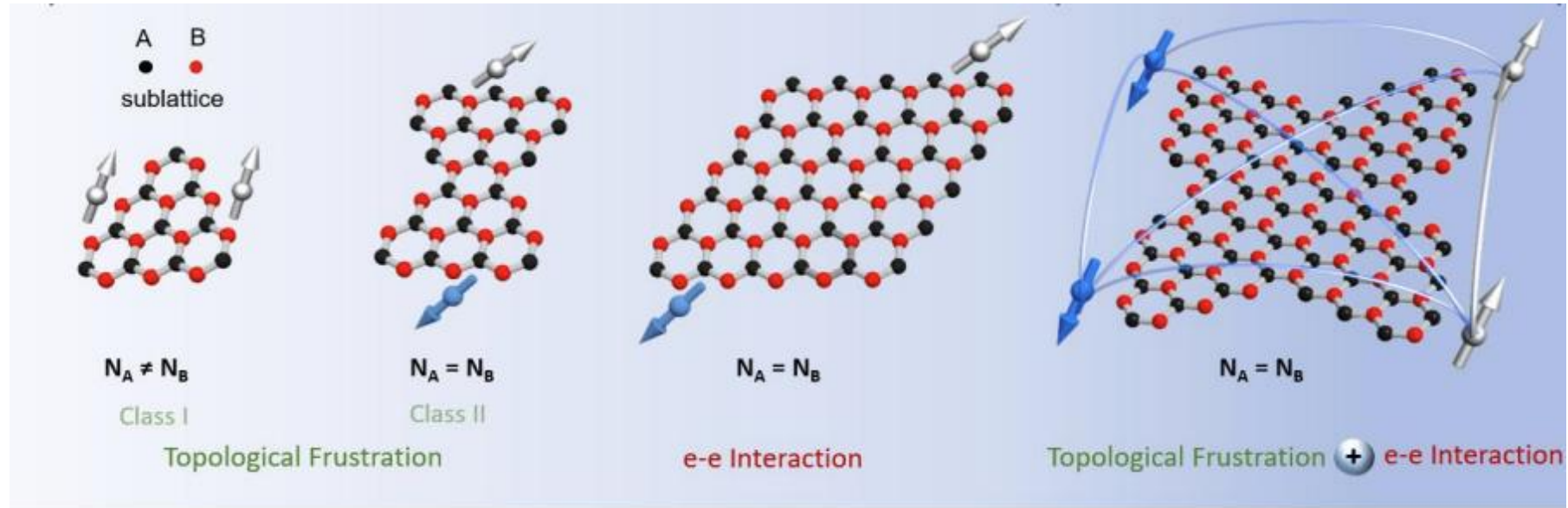
# Rhombene-like NGs



Biswas, K.; et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 145(5), 2968-2974 (2023)

- On-surface synthesis of selected rhombene-like nanographenes with majority zigzag peripheries, where the role of electronic correlations above a critical system size makes feasible that Coulomb repulsion overcomes the hybridization energy of the frontier states, giving rise to **giant magnetic exchange couplings**.

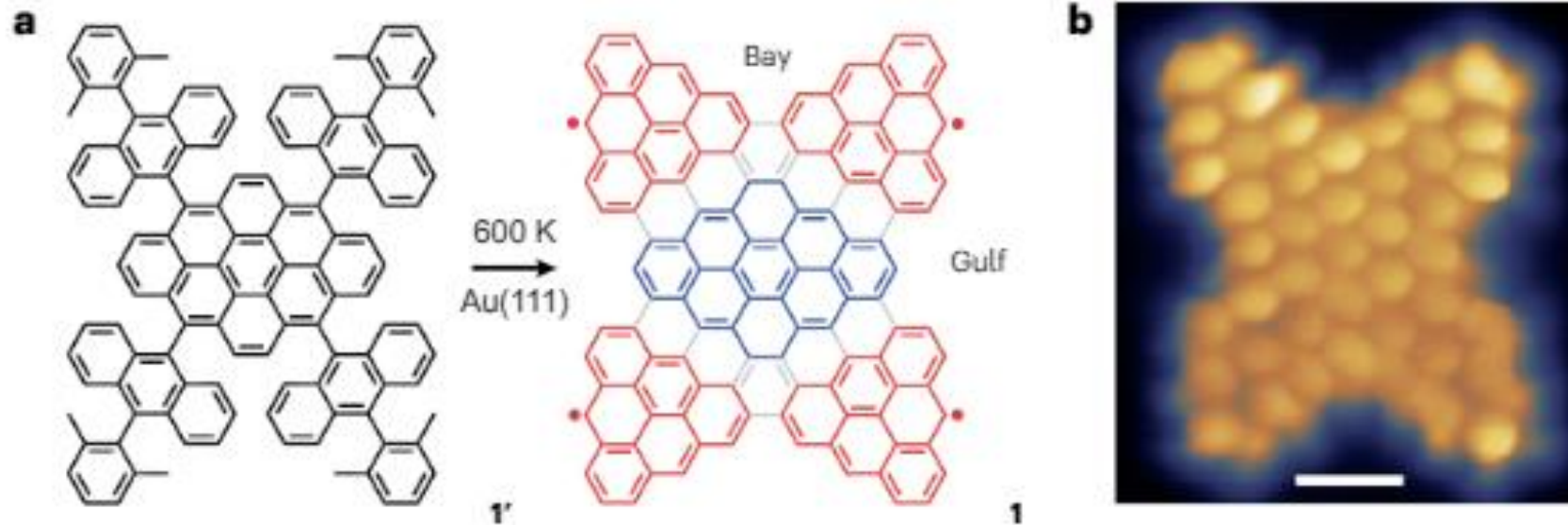
# New generation of $\pi$ -magnetic NGs



Song S., *Nat. Chem.* (2024). DOI: 10.1038/s41557-024-01453-9aria

- Polyradical nanographene featuring multiple strongly entangled many-body quantum spins arising from **the interplay of strong e–e correlation and topological frustration**.

# New generation of $\pi$ -magnetic NGs

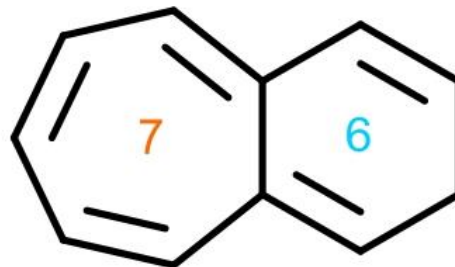
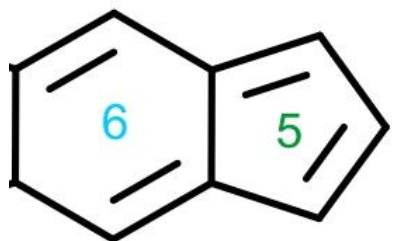


Song S., *Nat. Chem.* (2024). DOI: 10.1038/s41557-024-01453-9aria

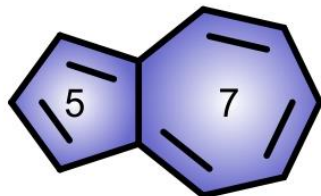
- This system presents a **topologically frustrated** butterfly geometry suggesting the presence of two radicals. Additionally, this design creates a sufficiently large-sized, fully fused, open-shell nanographene to trigger spin-symmetry breaking of occupied frontier orbitals through **strong e–e interaction** that dominates over the hybridization energy, yielding two more radicals.

# Topological defects

Introducing non-benzenoid units:

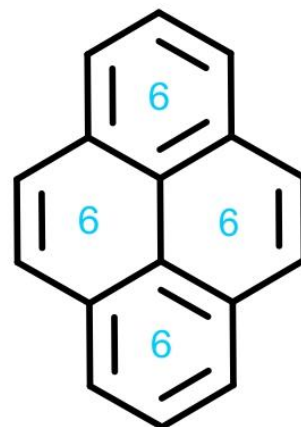


dislocation



Naphthalene

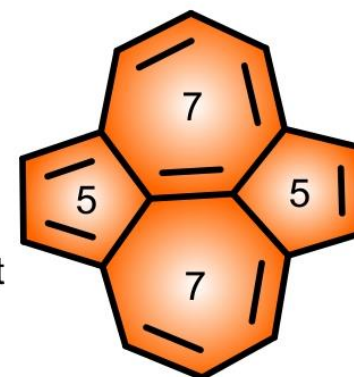
Azulene



Ring



Rearrangement



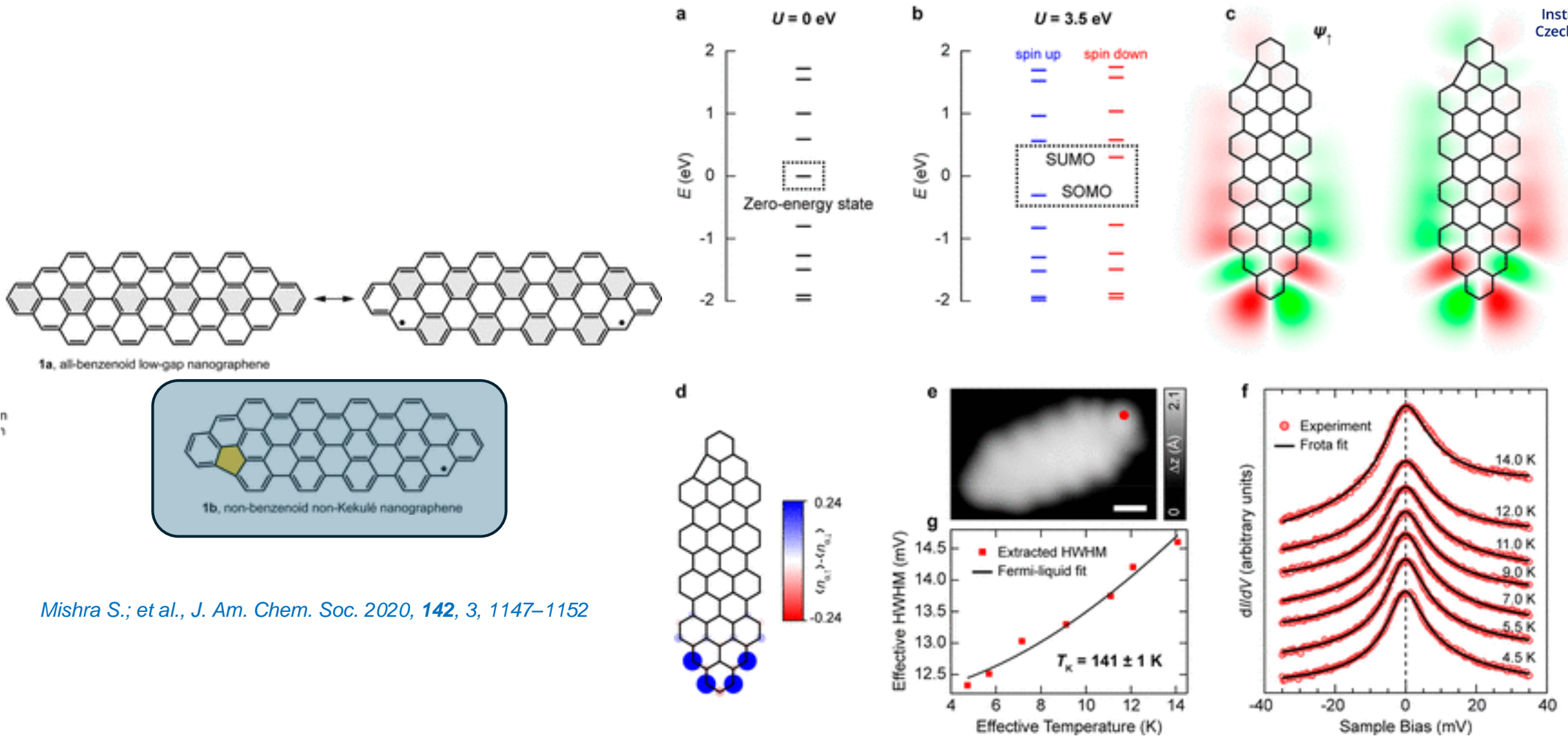
Stones-Wales defect

- Non-benzenoid moieties greatly change electronic properties (e.g. charge transfer, shifting HOMO-LUMO gap...).
- Inducing magnetism by **removing/adding  $p_z$  orbitals** and creating open-shell radical character.



# Defect induced magnetism

By removing  $p_z$  electron by creating a carbon vacancy



Mishra S.; et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2020, **142**, 3, 1147–1152

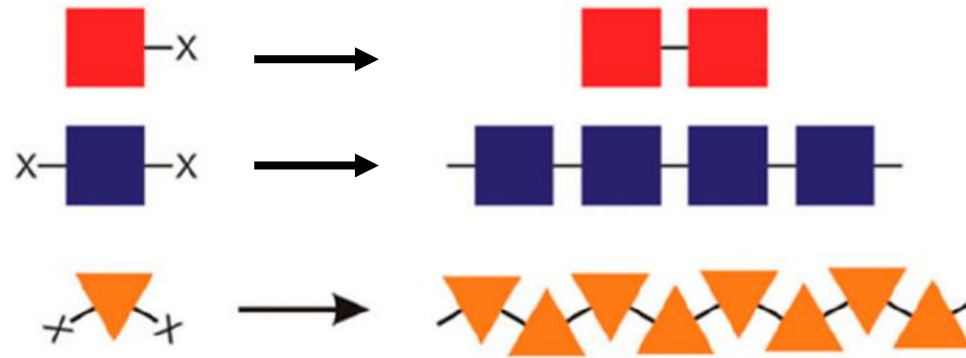
- The presence of this topological defect renders a non-Kekulé system with  $S = 1/2$

# Outline

- Nanosurf Lab Group
- On-Surface Synthesis (OSS) approach
- OSS of  $\pi$ -magnetic Nanographenes (0D):
  - Sublattice Imbalance
  - Topological Frustration
  - Polarization of edge states
  - Topological defects
- **How to extend  $\pi$ -magnetism to 1D and 2D (our contributions)**
  - 1D  $\pi$ -conjugated Polymers
  - 2D Supramolecular organic radical frameworks

# 1D $\pi$ -conjugated polymers

$\Pi$ -Conjugated polymers are organic macromolecules made up from building blocks with conjugated  $\pi$ -electrons that can be easily delocalized along the molecular backbone due to **p-orbitals overlapping**.



*Clair S. and de Oteyza D. G., Chem. Rev., 119, 7, 4717–4776 (2019)*

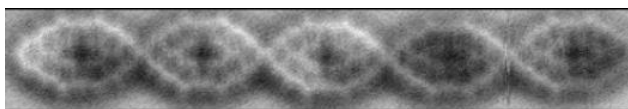
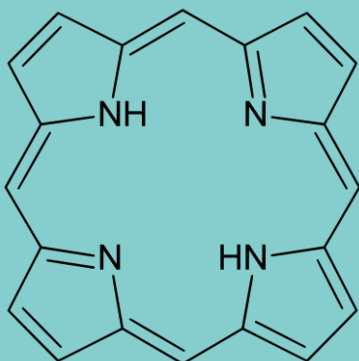
## The importance of the building blocks

- Tunability of their properties depending on their  $\pi$ -extended conjugation along the molecular backbone.
- The periodicity and the functionalities can be directly modulated by the precursor design.
- Building blocks with an intrinsic magnetic momentum can be employed.

# 1D $\pi$ -conjugated polymers

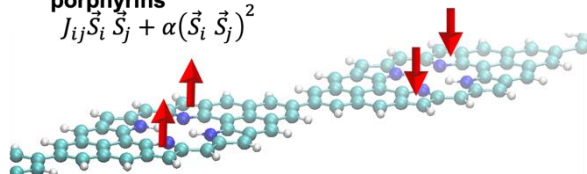
## Classification based on the building blocks

### Porphyrinoid polymers



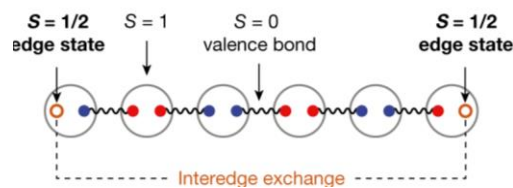
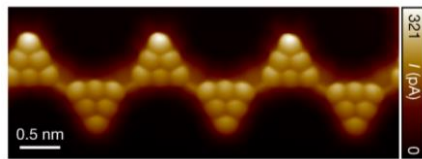
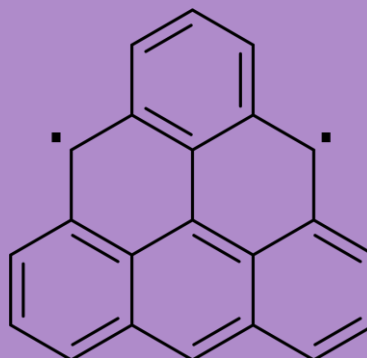
Molecular chain made of biradical  $S=1$  porphyrins

$$J_{ij}\vec{S}_i \cdot \vec{S}_j + \alpha(\vec{S}_i \cdot \vec{S}_j)^2$$



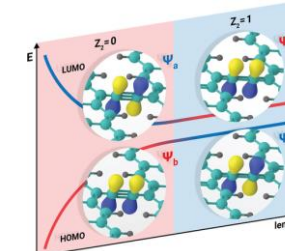
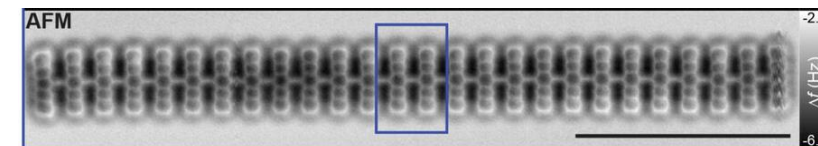
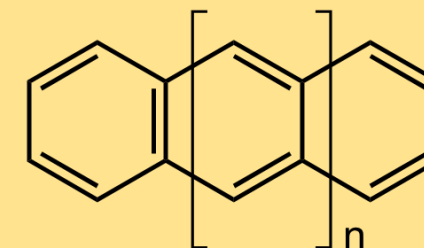
Zhao Y.; et al., *Nat Chem* 15, 53–60 (2023)

### Triangulene polymers



Mishra S.; et al., *Nature* 598, 287–292 (2021)

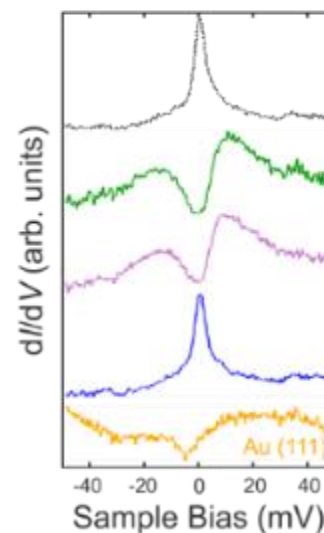
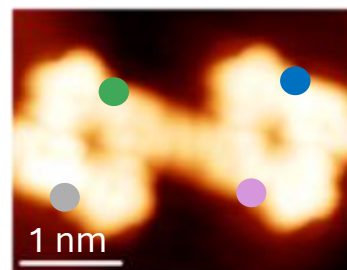
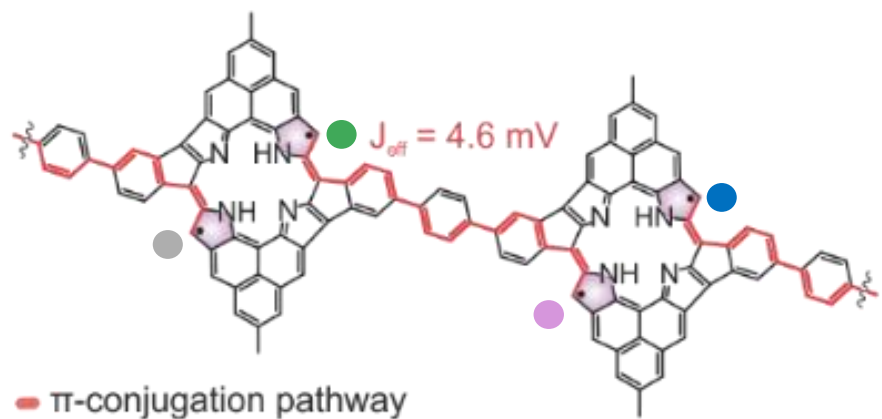
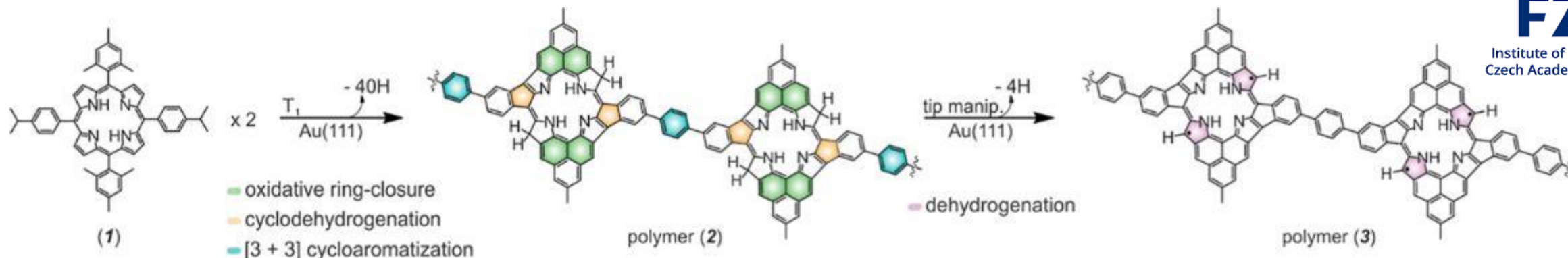
### Acene polymers



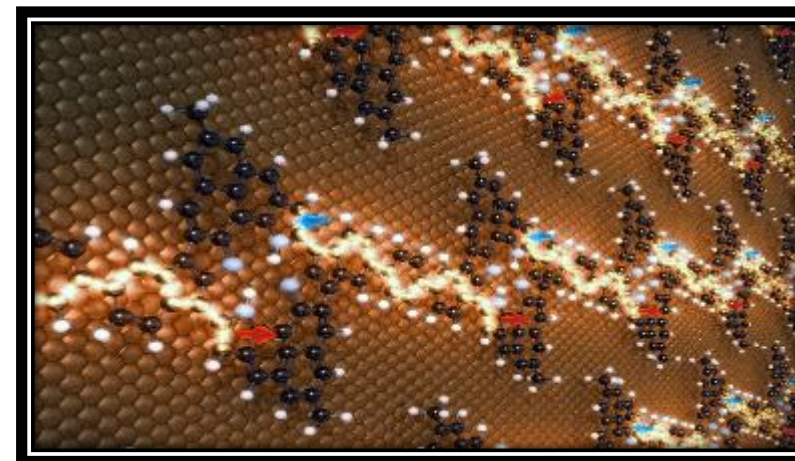
González-Herrero H.; et al., *Adv. Mater.*, 33, 2104495 (2021)



# Porphyrinoid polymers

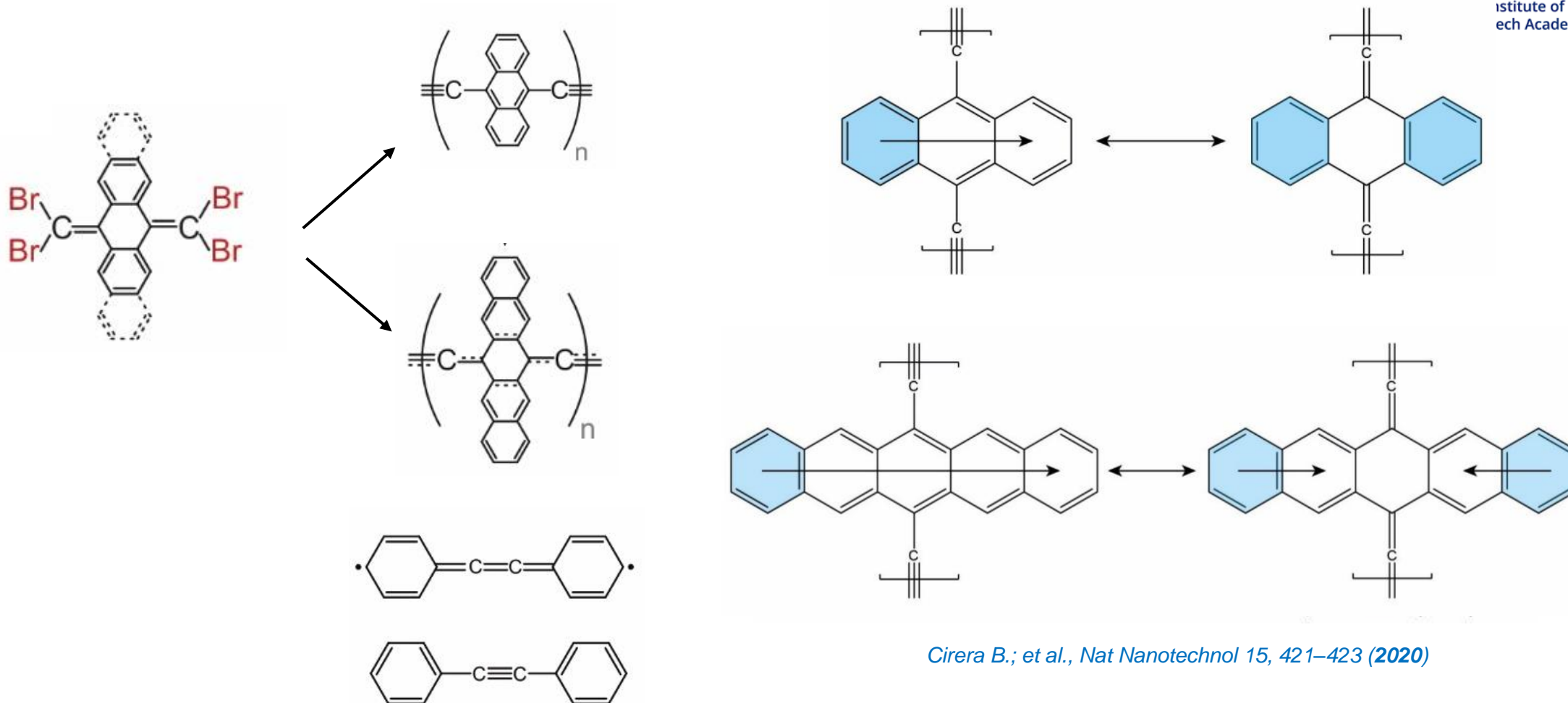


- Antiferromagnetic coupling with an **experimental exchange-coupling strength of 4.6 mV**, between the two closer spins from adjacent porphyrinoid units.



- Relevance of the  $\pi$ -conjugation in the correlations between spins, representing a profitable step towards the on-surface synthesis of covalently-linked 1D magnetic polymers.

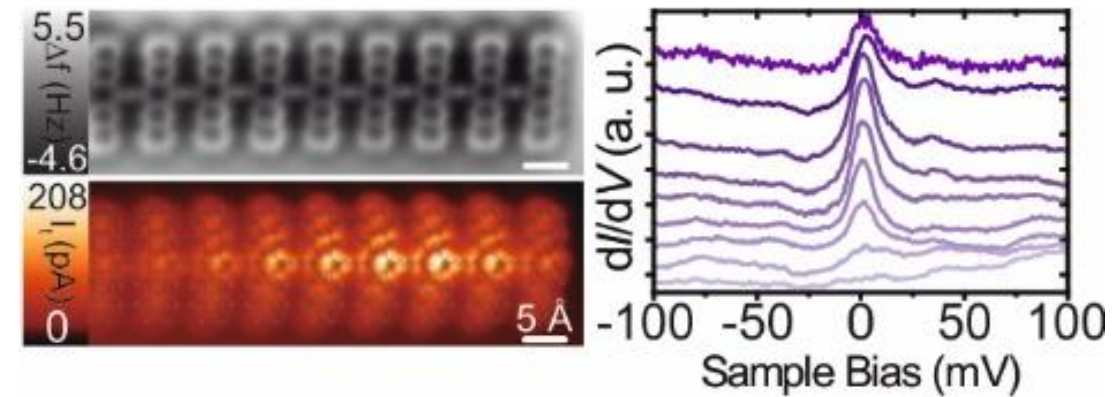
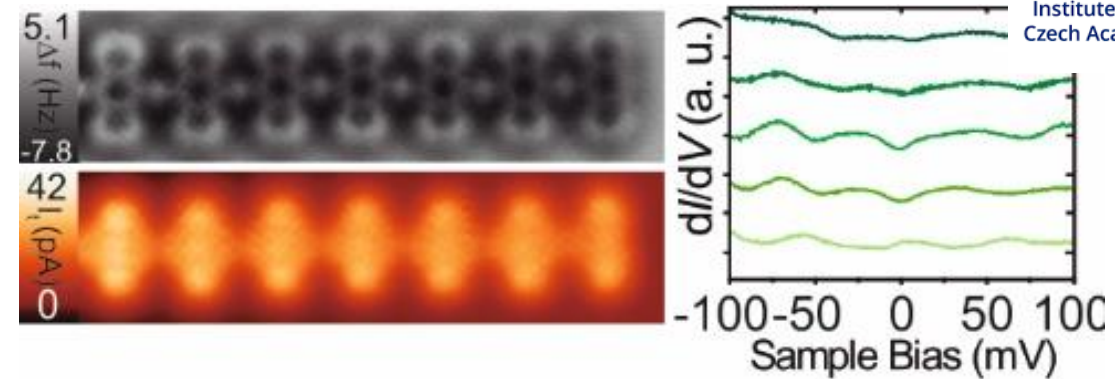
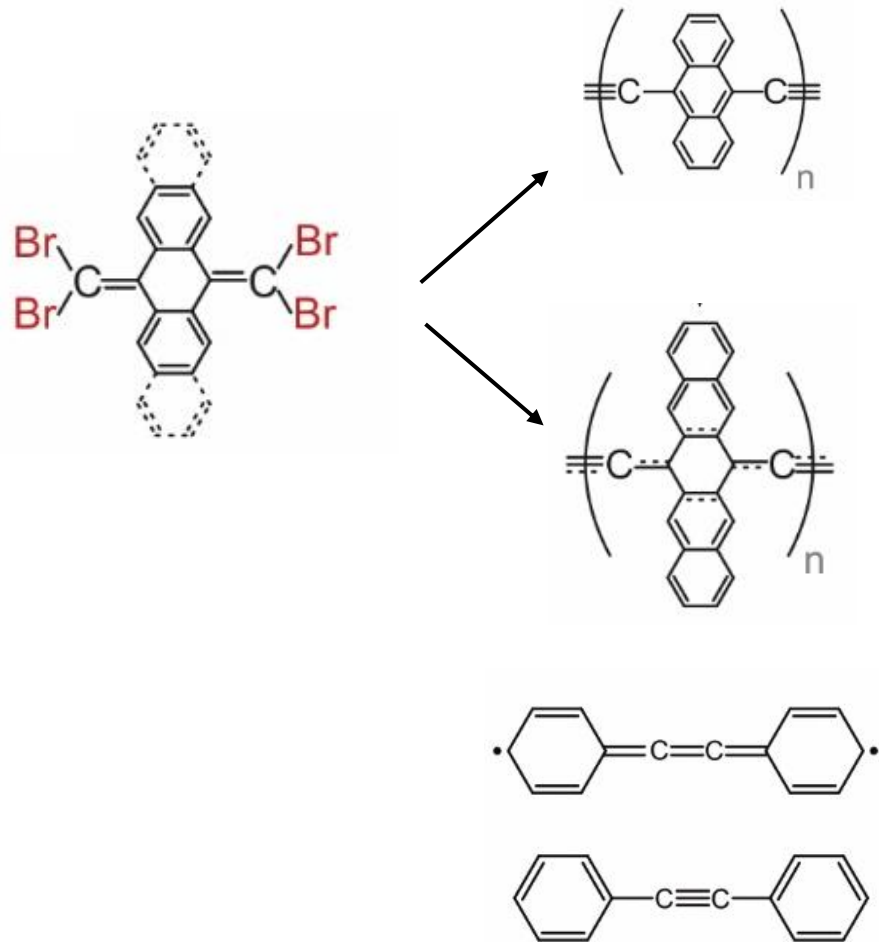
# Acene polymers



*Cirera B.; et al., Nat Nanotechnol 15, 421–423 (2020)*

- On-surface synthesis of acene-based polymers on Au(111).
- **Parallelism between the emergence of topological edge states and the chemical form (aromatic/ethynylene vs quinoid/cumulene).**
- The resonant form is controlled by the size of the building blocks.

# Acene polymers

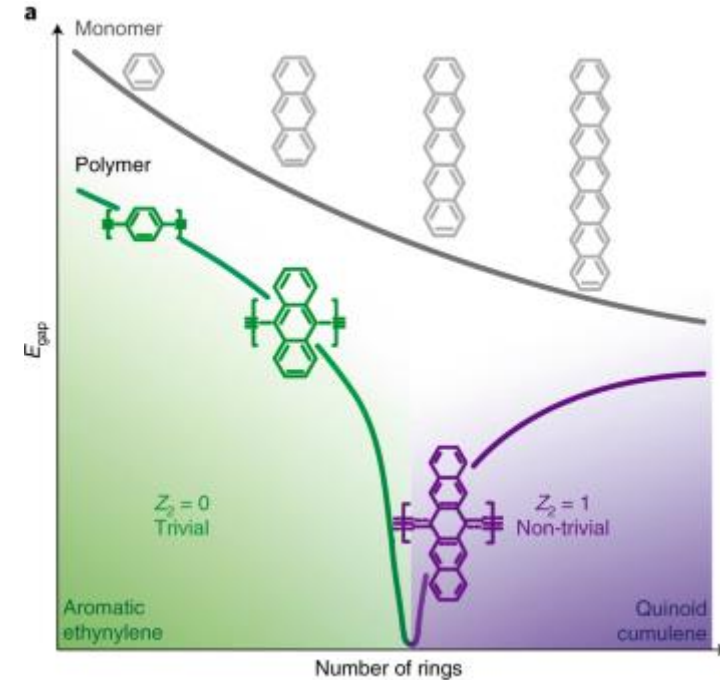
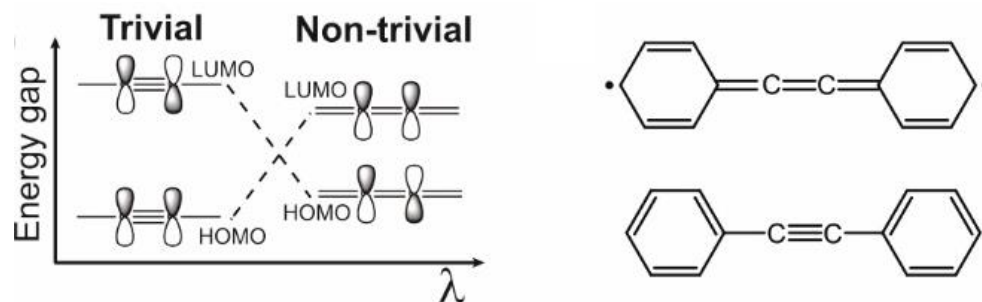
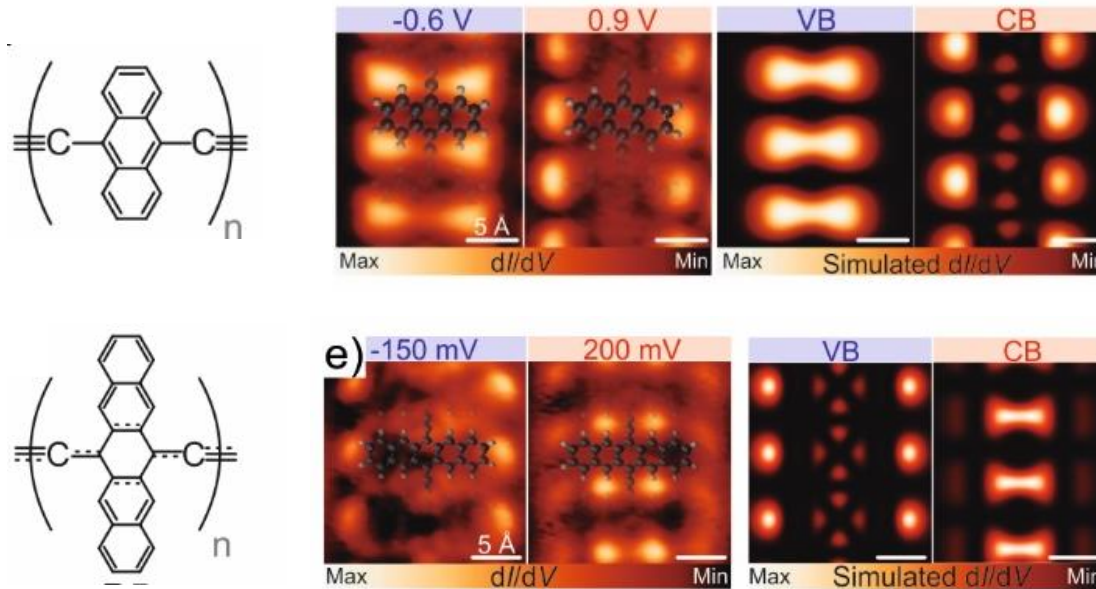


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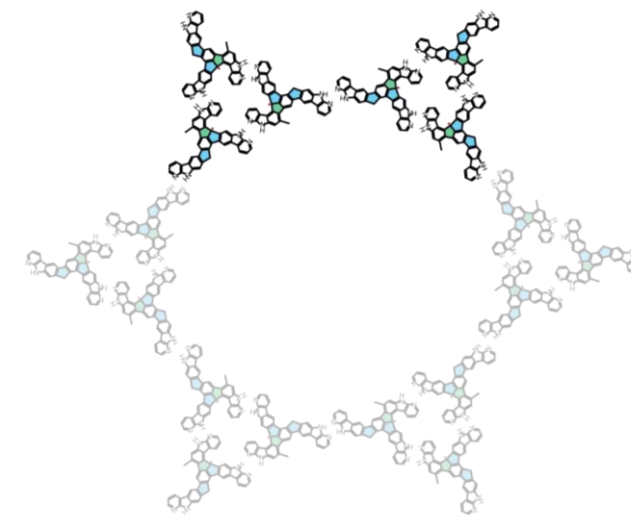
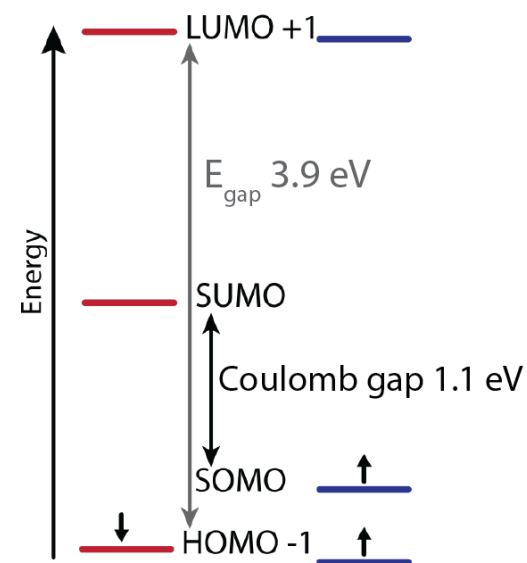
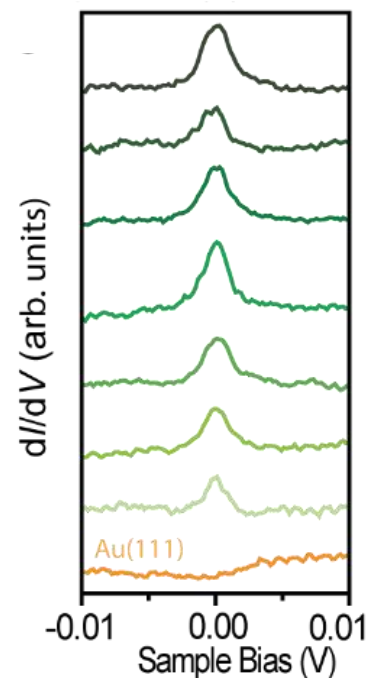
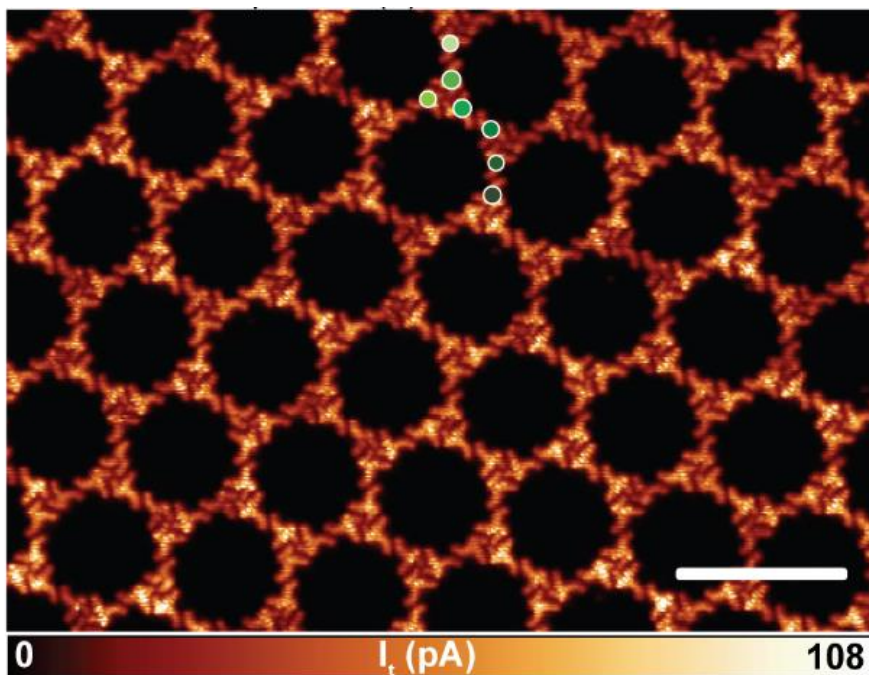
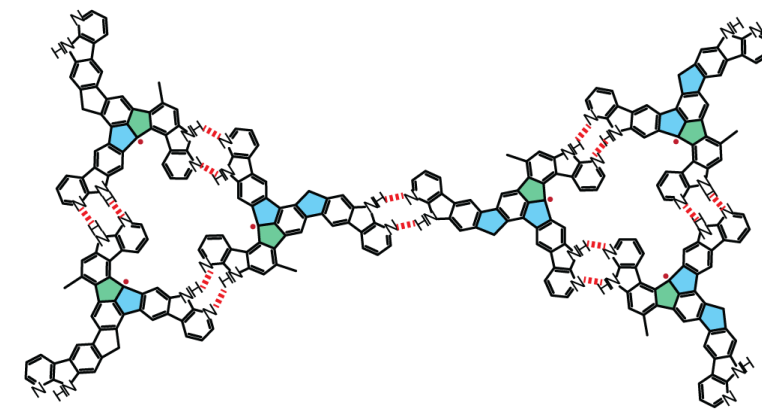
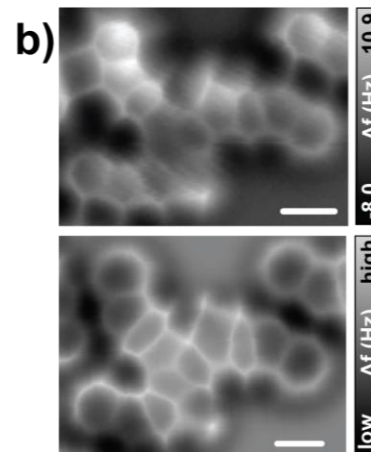
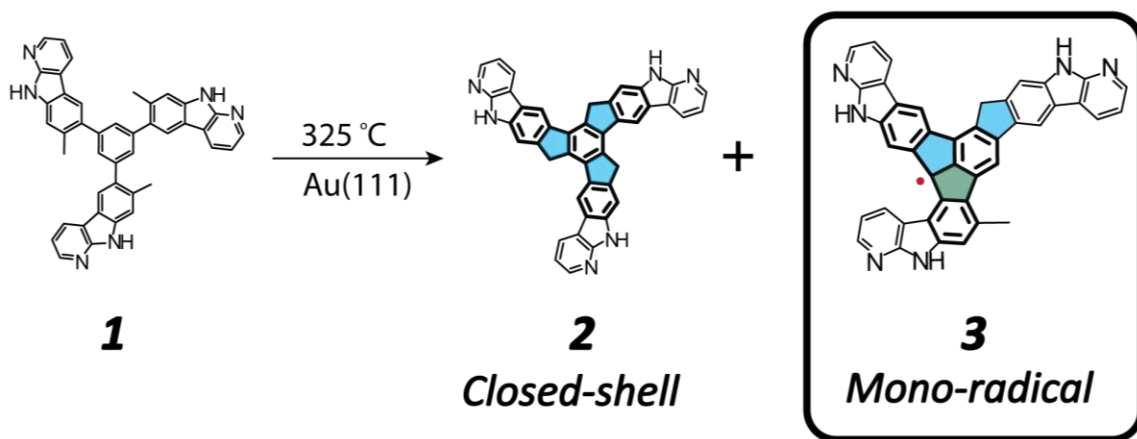


*Cirera B.; et al., Nat Nanotechnol 15, 421–423 (2020)*

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- The resonant form is controlled by the size of the building blocks.



# Supramolecular radical frameworks



*Frezza F.; et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 146, 5, 3531–3538 (2024)*

- The combination of supramolecular chemistry,  $\pi$ -magnetism, and on-surface synthesis, results in the synthesis of a **supramolecular radical framework** on Au(111) made up of monoradical building blocks.

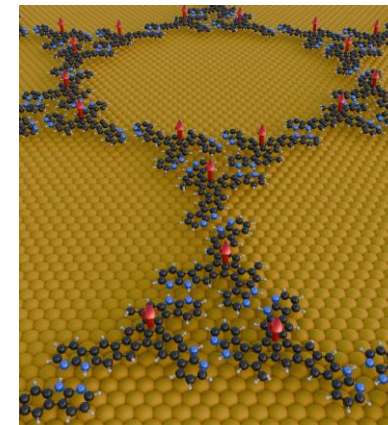
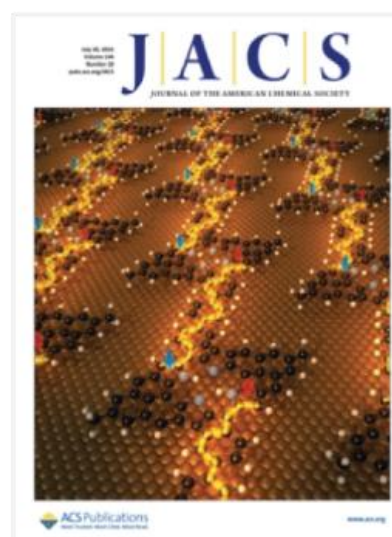
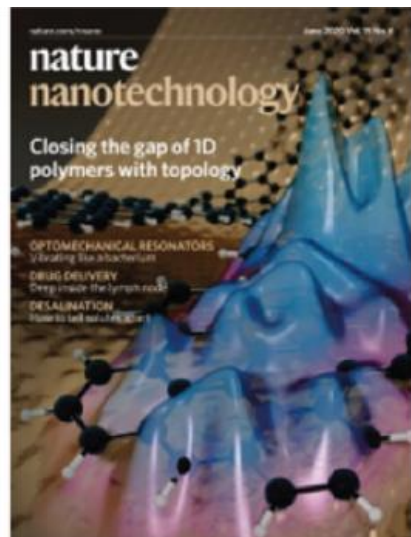
# Conclusions

- Great advances have been made in  $\pi$ -magnetism thanks to the on-surface synthesis approach, reporting impressive progress in short time.
- SPM techniques allow precise determination of the chemical structures and the study of the electronic and magnetic properties at the single molecule level.
- There is a substantial progress in our capabilities to realize localized electron spin states and to control electron spin interactions at the atomic scale.
- The important relevance of the field with worldwide groups working on it.

**nano**  
SURF



# Conclusions



**nano**  
SURF





# Thank you

Ana Sánchez Grande  
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Name of the project: MSCA Fellowship CZ FZU I  
Registration number: CZ.02.01.01/00/22\_010/0002906



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the European Union

